

Islamyat General Knowledge for PPSC, FPSC & NTS Tests

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ISLAMIAT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE MCQS

CSS Past Papers MCQS of Islamyat from 2005 to 2013

1). Which Surah starts without Bismillah:

- a) Al-Baqara
- b) Al-Nisa
- c) Al-Toba
- d) Al-Ikhlās

c) Al-Toba

2). A male is confined/wrapped in ___ dressed sheets:

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

c) 3

3). Amount of zakat cannot be used in _____ .

- a) Madrassah
- b) Mosque
- c) Hospital

b) Mosque

4). What is Sahihain:

- a) Mishkat
- b) Bukhari
- c) Bukhari and Muslim
- d) Ibne Majah

c) Bukhari and Muslim

5). Jihad become mandatory in ___ Hijra:

- a) 1 AH
- b) 2 AH
- c) 3 AH
- d) 4 AH

b) 2 AH

6). Which one is called Masha'ar-ul-Haram:

- a) Mina valley
- b) Muzdalifa valley
- c) Arafat

b) Muzdalifa valley

7). Who was the first martyre in Islam:

- a) Hazrat Hamza (RA)
- b) Hazrat Yasir (RA)
- c) Hazarat Sumaya (RA)

c) Hazrat Sumaya (RA)

8). Who first embraced Islam among women:

- a) Hazrat Fatima (RA)
- b) Hazrat Zainab (RA)
- c) Hazrat Khadija (RA)
- d) Hazrat Ayesha (RA)

c) Hazrat Khadija (RA)

9). What is Istelam:

- a) Salam to Kaaba
- b) Salam to Hajre Aswad
- c) Kissing Hajre Aswad
- d) Praying at Muqam –e-Ibrahim

c) kissing Hajre Aswad

10). Who collected Quranic verses in one place:

- a) Hazrat Umar (RA)
- b) Hazrat Abdullah ibne Abbas (RA)
- c) Hazrat Abdullah ibne Masud (RA)
- d) Hazrat Usman (RA)

d) Hazrat Usman (RA)

Islamiat Paper - 2006
Solved MCQs

1. How much Surah the Quran contains:

- a. 124
- b. 109
- c. 114
- d. 220

c. 114

2. The Nisab of Zakat in gold is:

- a. 18 Tolas
- b. 24 Tolas
- c. 7 ½ Tolas
- d. 35 Tolas

c. 7 ½ Tolas

3. A Verse of the Holy Quran indicates the name of:

- a. Hazrat Usman
- b. Hazrat Muaaz
- c. Hazrat Saad
- d. Hazrat Zaid

d. Hazrat Zaid

4. A Muslim female is confined in:

- a. Eight Sheets
- b. Five Sheets
- c. One Sheet

d. Ten Sheets

b. Five Sheets

5. The original name of Imam Bukhari is:

a. Saeed bin Hatem

b. Ali

b. Zaid

c. Ismail

d. Muhammad bin Ismail

d. Muhammad bin Ismail

6. Makka was conquered in:

a. 5 A.H

b. 10 A.H

c. 2 A.H

d. 8 A.H

d. 8 A.H

7. Qurbani (Holy Slaughtering) is made during Hajj at:

a. Arafat

b. Mina

c. Muzdalifa

d. Safa

b. Mina

8. Jami-i-Quran is taken for:

a. Hazrat Ali (R.A)

b. Hazrat Saad (R.A)

c. Hazrat Usman (R.A)

d. Hazrat Masood (R.A)

c. Hazrat Usman (R.A)

9. Pious-Caliphate lasted for about:

a. Eighteen Years

b. Twenty Years

c. Thirty Years

d. Five Years

c. Thirty Years

10. Gathering on Arafat during Hajj is made on:

a. 9th Zil Hajjah

b. 3rd Ramazan

c. 2nd Safar

d. 18 Shawal

a. 9th Zil Hajjah

Islamiat Paper - 2007
Solved MCQs

1. How many stages the Quran contains?

(a) 8

(b) 7

- (c) 9
- (d) 12
- (b) 7**

2. Who was the first writer of "Wahi" in Quraish?

- (a) Harat Abdul Rahman bin Auf (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Zaid bin Sabit (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Abdulla bin Zubair (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Ibn Masuod (RA)

(b) Hazrat Zaid bin Sabit (RA)

3. Kitab-ul-Assar is compiled by:

- (a) Imam Abu Hanifah (RA)
- (b) Imam Shafi (RA)
- (c) Imam Malik (RA)
- (d) Imam Humbal (RA)

(a) Imam Abu Hanifah (RA)

4. Imam Shafi took the office of "Religious Judgment" in the age of:

- (a) 13 years
- (b) 14 years
- (c) 20 years
- (d) 15 years

(d) 15 years

5. What was the name of faster sister of the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?

- (a) Hazrat Salmah (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Raqiyyah (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Mariah (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Shima (RA)

(d) Hazrat Shima (RA)

6. Namaz-e-Istisqa" is prayer for:

- (a) Blessing of God
- (b) Pardon
- (c) Rain
- (d) Sleep

(c) Rain

7. Who is called "saqi zam zam"?

- (a) Hazrat Abbas (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Hamzah (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Muaz bin Jabal (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Muawiyah (RA)

(a) Hazrat Abbas (RA)

8. The "Kissing of the Hajr-e-Aswad" is called:

- (a) Sae
- (b) Mabroor
- (c) Istelam
- (d) Shaut

(c) Istelam

9. What is the number of Ramzan in the Islamic Calender?

- (a) 8th
- (b) 9th
- (c) 10th
- (d) 11th

(b) 9th

10. Give the name, who compiled first work of Hadith "Sahifa-e-Sadiqa."

- (a) Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA)
- (b) Imam Muslim (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Abdullah bin Amr (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Abu Hurairah (RA)

(d) Hazrat Abu Hurairah (RA)

Islamiat Paper - 2008

Solved MCQs

i. Who advised Abu Bakr (R.A) to compile the Quran:

- a. Hazrat Umar (R.A)
- b. Hazrat Uthman (R.A)
- c. Hazrat Ali (R.A)
- d. Hazrat Zaid (R.A)

a. Hazrat Umar (R.A)

ii. The Nisab of Zakat in Silver is:

- a. 40 Tolas
- b. 50 Tolas
- c. 50 ½ Tolas
- d. 52 ½ Tolas

d. 52 ½ Tolas

iii. The Prophet made Hazrat Muaaz bin Jabal the Governor of:

- a. Kufa
- b. Makkah
- c. Medina
- d. Yaman

d. Yaman

iv. Who are the "Sahibain"?

- a. Abu Hanifah and Abu Yusuf
- b. Abu Hanifah and Imam Shaibani
- c. Abu Yusuf and Imam Shaibani
- d. Abu Hanifah and Imam Shafi

c. Abu Yusuf and Imam Shaibani

v. Hajj is not completed unless you go to:

- a. Makkah
- b. Medina
- c. Mina
- d. Arafat

d. Arafat

vi. "Kitab-al-Umm" is written by:

- a. Abu Hanifa
- b. Imam Malik
- c. Imam Shafi
- d. Ahmad bin Hambal

c. Imam Shaf

vii. The foundation of Bait Ul-Hikmah was laid down during:

- a. Abbasid Period
- b. Ummayad Dynasty
- c. Fatmid
- d. Sub-Continent

a. Abbasid Period

viii. What is the number of month "Rajab" in Islamic Calendar?

- a. First
- b. 7th
- c. 5th
- d. Eleventh

b. 7th

ix. First Mujadid was Hazrat Umar bin Abdul Aziz. Who was the second one?

- a. Ibn-e-Taimya
- b. Imam Ghizali
- c. Ahmad Sirhindi
- d. Shah Waliullah

c. Ahmad Sirhindi

x. Sahifa Hammam bin Munabih was found by:

- a. Mufti M. Abduhu
- b. Rasheed Ahmad Raza
- c. Dr. Hamidullah
- d. Dr. Zakir Naik

c. Dr. Hamidullah

xi. In which Surat of Quran there is mention of Zulqarnain?

- a. A'ssuff
- b. Alkahaf
- c. Al Mujadala

b. Alkahaf

xii. Muslims are the best of all due to:

- a. Justice
- b. Moderation
- c. Truthfulness

b. Moderation

xiii. Sahib Us-Ser is the nickname of:

- a. Hazrat Khuzafa (R.A)
- b. Hazrat Uqba (R.A)

c. Hazrat Saad (R.A)

a. Hazrat Khuzaifa (R.A)

xiv. Masjide Khief is located in:

a. Muzdilifa

b. Arafaat

c. Minna

c. Minna

xv. Ghaseel ul Malaika is the title of:

a. Hazrat Abu Talha (R.A)

b. Hazrat Abu Dahana (R.A)

c. Hazrat Hanzala (R.A)

d. Hazrat Saad (R.A)

c. Hazrat Hanzala (R.A)

xvi. Who was appointed as Usher for Hijrat-e-Madinah?

a. Hazrat Saad bin Ubada (R.A)

b. Hazrat Utab bin Usaid (R.A)

c. Hazrat Abdullah bin Ariqat (R.A)

c. Hazrat Abdullah bin Ariqat (R.A)

xvii. Who was a historian jurist, philosopher, as well as a politician?

a. Shams uddin Ibni Khalkan

b. Abdur Rehman Ibni Khaldoon

c. Abu Bakar Muhammad Ibni Yahya

b. Abdur Rehman Ibni Khaldoon

xviii. When law of inheritance was revealed?

a. Three Hijre

b. Four Hijree

c. Five Hijree

b. Four Hijree

xix. Who was the last Commander in Chief for Ghazwa-e-Mautah?

a. Hazrat Khalid bin Waleed (R.A)

b. Abdur Rehman bin Auf (R.A)

c. Abdullah bin Rawaha (R.A)

a. Hazrat Khalid bin Waleed (R.A)

xx. Imam Dar ul Hijrat is the title of:

a. Imam Ahmad bin Hunbal

b. Imam Malik

c. Imam Shafee

b. Imam Malik

1). The word Muhammad (SAW) as a name has been mentioned in Quran only:

- (a) Two times
- (b) Four times
- (c) Six times
- (d) Seven times
- (d) None of these

(b) Four times

2). Khateeb –ul-Anbia as a title of:

- (a) Hazrat Idress (AS)
- (b) Hazrat Ibrahim (AS)
- (C) Hazrat Yaqoob (AS)
- (d) Hazrat Shoaib (AS)
- (e) None of these

(d) Hazrat Shoaib (AS)

3). Hazrat Umer (RA) appointed as custodian of Bait-ul-Mal:

- (a) Abdullah bn Irqum (RA)
- (b) Abdullah bin Umar (RA)
- (c) Abdullah bin Abbas (RA)
- (d) Abudllah bin Zubair (RA)
- e)None of these

e) None of these (Abdullah bin Masud)

4). The effective Zakat System can ensure the elimination of:

- (a) Poverty
- (b) Interest
- (c) Class Distinction
- (d) Ignorance
- e) None of these

(a) Poverty

5). A Verse of the Holy Quran indicates the name of:

- (a) Hazarat Muaaz (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Bilal (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Saad (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Zaid (RA)
- e) None of these

(d) Hazrat Zaid (RA)

6). Masjid Zu Qiblatain is situated in :

- (a) Madina
- (b) Mukkah
- (c) Taif
- (d) Jabal-e-Noor
- (e) None of these

(a) Madina

7). Who was a Historian, justice, philosopher as well as Politician?

- (a) Shams ud din bin Khalkan
- (b) Abdur Rehman bin Khaldun
- (c) Abu Bakar Muhammad Yahya
- (d) Muhammad bin Essa
- (e) None of these

(b) Abdur Rehman bin Khaldun

8). Which Surah of Quran has Bismillah twice:

- (a) Al Nehal
- (b) Al Namal
- (c) Al Ahzaab
- (d) Al Noor
- (e) None of these

(b) Al Namal

9). Had -e- Qazaf (False Accusation) is:

- (a) 50 Lashes
- (b) 70 Lashes
- (c) 80 Lashes
- (d) 90 Lashes
- (e) None of these

(c) 80 Lashes

10). Ada Bin Hatam Thai embraced Islam in:

- (a) 3 Hijri
- (b) 6 Hijri
- (c) 9 Hijri
- (d) 11 Hijri
- (e) None of these

(c) 9 Hijri

11). Wealth obtained from a mine is liable to:

- (a) Zakat
- (b) Khumus
- (c) Sulus
- (d) Rubah
- (e) None of these

(b) Khumus

12). Sadaq-e-Eid-ul-fitr has been proclaimed in the year:

- (a) 2 Hijri
- (b) 3 Hijri

- (c) 4 Hijri
- (d) 5 Hijri
- (e) None of these

(a) 2 Hijri

13). Imam-e-Dar-ul-Hijrat was a title of:

- (a) Imam Ahmad
- (b) Imam Malik
- (v) Imam Shaafi
- (d) Imam Muhammad
- (e) None of these

(b) Imam Malik

14). The seal affixed on important letters by prophet (SAW) was in the Custody of:

- (a) Hazrat Ali (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Qais RA
- (c) Hazrat khuzaiifa (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Bilal (RA)
- (e) None of these

(c) Hazrat khuzaiifa (RA)

15). Ameen –ul-Umat is the title of Hazrat:

- (a) Emar bin Yasir (RA)
- (b) Suleman Farsi (RA)
- (c) Abu-ubaida bin Al jaraah (RA)
- (d) Abu Saeed Khuzir (RA)
- (e) None of these

(c) Abu-ubaida bin Al jaraah (RA)

16). River Neil was declared as Sayed-ul-Anhar by Hazrat:

- (a) Hazrat Abu Bakar (RA)
- (b) hazrat Umer (RA)
- (c) hazrat Usman (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Ali (RA)
- (e) None of these

(b) hazrat Umer (RA)

17). Umm-ul-Masakeen was the title given to one of the wives of the Prophet (SAW):

- (a) Harat Sauda (RA)
- (b) Hazrat Zainab benet Jehash (RA)
- (c) Hazrat Zainab benet Khuzima (RA)
- (d) Hazrat Safia (RA)
- (e) none of these

(c) Hazrat Zainab benet Khuzima (R.A)

18). Hazrat Muhammad (SAW) gave the key of Bait Ullah permanently to Hazrat:

- (a) Umara Bin Utba
 - (b) Hanzla bin Abi Aamir
 - (c) Usman bin Talha
 - (d) Abdullah Bin Aamir
 - (e) None of these
- (c) Usman bin Talha**

19). Arafat gathering is held on:

- (a) 8 Zil hajj
- (b) 9 Zil hajj
- (c) 10 Zil hajj
- (d) 12 Zil hajj
- (e) None of these

(b) 9 Zil hajj

20). Which one of the following is included amongst the Ushera-e- Mubhashera:

- (a) Saad Bin Ubaid
- (b) Saad bin Abada
- (c) Saad Bin Abi waqas
- (d) hazrat Hamza
- (e) none of these

(c) Saad Bin Abi waqas

Islamiat Paper - 2010
Solved MCQs

(i) Batha Valley is situated in:

- a) Makkah
- b) Madina
- c) Egypt
- d) Jordan
- e) None of these

(a) Makkah

(ii) The longest Surah of the Qur'an is:

- a) Surah al Baqarah
- b) Surah al Imran
- c) Surah al Tauba
- d) Surah Yunus
- e) None of these

a) Surah al Baqarah

(iii) Al-Ma'een is a Surah in which there are:

- a) 100 or more ayahs
- b) Simple orders

- c) Hard orders
- d) Less than 100 ayahs
- e) None of these

a) 100 or more ayahs

(iv) "Arbaeen" is the book of Hadith in which there are:

- a) 40 Ahadith
- b) 50 ahadith
- c) 30 Ahadith
- d) 20 Ahadith
- e) None of these

a) 40 Ahadith

(v) Fatwa Qazi Khan is an authentic Fatwa of:

- a) Fiqh Hanbali
- b) Fiqh Maliki
- c) Fiqh Shafi
- d) Fiqh Hanafi
- e) None of these

d) Fiqh Hanafi

(vi) "FIDK" garden was bestowed to the Holy Prophet as:

- a) Fay
- b) Booty
- c) Gift
- d) Loan
- e) None of these

a) Fay

(vii) QUBA mosque has been mentioned in:

- a) Surah al Tauba
- b) Surah Anfal
- c) Surah Dhuha
- d) Surah Al-Muzammil
- e) None of these

a) Surah al Tauba

(viii) The title given to the pioneers of Islam was:

- a) Mushahidoon al Awwalun
- b) Muslimoon al Awwalun
- c) Assabiqoon al Awwalun
- d) Al-awwalun al awwalun
- e) None of these

c) Assabiqoon al Awwalun

(ix) The meaning of YA SABAHAHO is:

- a) Good Morning
- b) Good Morning declaration
- c) Oh, Morning danger
- d) Wishing Good morning
- e) None of these

c) Oh, Morning danger

(x) The Master if Hazrat Bilal (MABPH) during embracing Islam was:

- a) Abu Jahal
- b) Ummayia Bin Harb
- c) Ummayia bin Khalaf
- d) Oqabah bin Abi al Mueet
- e) None of these

c) Ummayia bin Khalaf

(xi) Splitting of the moon occurred in:

- a) Arafat
- b) Mina
- c) Muzdalifa
- d) Haram e Pak
- e) None of these

b) Mina

(xii) The "IFK" event is described in the Qur'an in:

- a) Surah Baqarah
- b) Surah Tauba
- c) Surah Noor
- d) Surah Yaseen
- e) None of these

c) Surah Noor

(xiii) The Prophet's stamp comprises of these words:

- a) Allah,Rasool,Muhammad
- b) Muhammad, Rasool,Allah
- c) Rasool,Muhammad,Allah
- d) Rasool,Allah,Muhammad
- e) None of these

a) Allah,Rasool,Muhammad

(xiv) The heads of Zakat are:

- a) Eight
- b) Nine
- c) Seven
- d) Five
- e) None of these

a) Eight

(xv) MAUWAZATAIN means:

- a) A collection of Ahadith
- b) Two specific Surahs of Quran

- c) A book of Jaffariah fiqh
- d) A book of hanafi fiqh
- e) None of these

b) Two specific Surahs of Quran

(xvi) Ozza was the name of:

- a) a specific goddess of Quraish
- b) Honour and Respect
- c) name of a tree
- d) name of a snake
- e) None of these

a) A specific goddess of Quraish

(xvii) LEA'AN is:

- a) A clause of Islamic law
- b) To receive a reward
- c) A term of trade
- d) To bargain
- e) None of these

a) A clause of Islamic law

(xviii) Ashabus sabb means:

- a) Jews
- b) Christians
- c) Muslims
- d) Sabieen
- e) None of these

a) Jews

(xix) The number of famous months are:

- a) Four
- b) Six
- c) Seven
- d) Two
- e) None of these

a) Four

(xx) Jabal-e-Noor is situated in:

- a) Arafat
- b) Ghar e Hira
- c) Ghar e Saur
- d) Jabal Uhud
- e) None of these

e) None of these

Islamiat Paper - 2011
Solved MCQs

(i) Mention the religious book(s) of Buddhism:

- (a) Weena pataka

- (b) Sata pataka
- (c) Abhi dhaman pataka
- (d) All of these
- (e) None of these (Tripitaka)**

(ii) What was the Religious of the majority of the Arabs before Islam?

- (a) Buddhism
- (b) Jewish
- (c) Idolatrous**
- (d) Christianity
- (e) None of these

(iii) Name of the son of Hazarat Yaqoob (A.S) whose off-springs are the Jews.

- (a) Tibrani
- (b) Yahooda**
- (c) Ishaq (a.s)
- (d) Yousaf (a.s)
- (e) None of these

(iv) which book is called old testament?

- (a) zuboora
- (b) torait
- (c) injeel**
- (d) quran
- (e) none of these

(v) What was the total number of idols which were fixed around the Kaaba?

- (a) 260
- (b) 360**
- (c) 460
- (d) 560
- (e) None of these

(vi) Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH) was born about three thousands years, after:

- (a) Hazrat Ismaeel (A.S)
- (b) Hazrat Ibraheem (A.S)**
- (c) Hazrat Moosa (A.S)
- (d) Hazrat Eessaa (A.S)
- (e) None of these

(vii) Who suggested name "Ahmed" for the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?

- (a) Hazrat Abdul Mutalib
- (b) Hazrat Abu Talib
- (c) Hazrat Abdullah
- (d) Hazrat Hamza (R.A)

(e) None of these (Hazrat Abdul Mutlib suggested Muhammad and Bibi Amina suggest Ahmed SAW)

(viii) When Hazrat Umer (R.A) embraced Islam?

- (a) 600 A.D
- (b) 608 A.D
- (c) 612 A.D
- (d) 616 A.D**
- (e) None of these

(ix) Zou-Shadatian is title of Hazrat:

- (a) Khuzaima bin Sabit (R.A)**
- (b) Huzaifa bin Yaman (R.A)
- (c) Ammar bin Yasir (R.A)
- (d) Ahmed bin Hanbal
- (e) None of these

(x) Which country is known as the “Land of Prophets”?

- (a) Iraq
- (b) Saudi Arabia
- (c) Palestine**
- (d) Syria
- (e) None of these

(xi) What is Tahleel?

- (a) Recitation of 4th kalima
- (b) Recitation of 3rd kalima
- (c) Recitation of 2nd kalima
- (d) Recitation of 1st kalima**
- (e) None of these

(xii) Name the 8th months of Islamic Calendar.

- (a) Rabi-ul-Awal
- (b) Rajab
- (c) Ramzan
- (d) Shaban**
- (e) None of these

(xiii) 9th Zil-Hajja is also called:

- (a) Yaum-e-Arfat
- (b) Waquf-e-Arfat**
- (c) Yaum-e-Mina
- (d) Waqufe-e-Mina
- (e) None of these

(xiv) Name the 1st man who issued regular order to collect and write Ahadis:

- (a) Hazrat Umer bin khattab (R.A)
- (b) Hazrat Usman bin Affan (R.A)
- (c) Hazrat Ali bin Abu Talib (R.A)
- (d) Hazrat Umer bin Abdul Aziz (R.A)**
- (e) None of these

(xv) The duration of third period of the compilation of Hadis is:

- (a) 171 to 220 A.H**
- (b) 171 to 221 A.H
- (c) 171 to 222 A.H
- (d) 171 to 223 A.H
- (e) None of these

(xvi) Surah Hajj consist of 10 Rukus and _____ Ayats.

- (a) 70
- (b) 75
- (c) 78**
- (d) 82
- (e) None of these

(xvii) Surah Saba is:

- (a) Makki**
- (b) Madni
- (c) Iraqi
- (d) Makki madni
- (e) None of these

(xviii) Who considered the Quran as the creature of Allah?

- (a) Khawarji
- (b) Mo,atazila**
- (c) Shami
- (d) Kuif
- (e) None of these

(xix) To which tribe did Hazrat Khalid-bin-Waleed (R.A) belong?

- (a) Banu Ummayya
- (b) Banu Asad
- (c) Banu Zuhra
- (d) Banu Makhzoom**
- (e) None of these

(xx) Which Sahabi was died in the hands of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) in the battle of Uhad?

- (a) Hazrat Haris-bin-Haris (R.A)
- (b) Hazrat Haris-bin-Azima (R.A)
- (c) Hazrat Haris-bin-Hassan (R.A)
- (d) Hazrat Haris-bin-Hakeem (R.A)
- (e) None of these

Ziyad ibn al-Sakan R.A died in the feet of Holy Prophet PBUH. I searched alot about the Shahabi wo died in the hands of Holy Prophet PBUH but did not find yet.

css paper islamic study 2011

Q.1 Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the answer sheet

(i) mention the religious book(s) of Buddhism:

- (a) Weena pataka
- (b) Sata pataka
- (c) Abhi dhaman pataka
- (d) All of these
- (e) None of these

source

Tripi

(ii) What was the Religious of the majority of the Arabs before Islam?

- (a) Buddhism
- (b) Jewish
- (c) Idolatrous
- (d) Christianity
- (e) None of these

(iii) Name of the son of Hazarat Yaqoob (A.S) whose off-springs are the Jews.

- (a) Tibrani
- (b) Yahooda
- (c) Ishaq (a.s)
- (d) Yousaf (a.s)
- (e) None of these

(iv) which book is called old testament?

- (a) zuboora
- (b) torait
- (c) injeel
- (d) quran
- (e) none of these

(v) What was the total number of idols which were fixed around the Kaaba?

- (a) 260
- (b) 360
- (c) 460
- (d) 560

(e) None of these

(vi) Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH) was born about three thousands years, after:

- (a) Hazrat Ismaeel (A.S)
- (b) Hazrat Ibraheem (A.S)
- (c) Hazrat Moosa (A.S)
- (d) Hazrat Eessaa (A.S)
- (e) None of these

(vii) Who suggested name "Ahmed" for the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?

- (a) Hazrat Abdul Mutalib
- (b) Hazrat Abu Talib
- (c) Hazrat Abdullah
- (d) Hazrat Hamza (R.A)
- (e) None of these(hazrat amena r.a)

(viii) When Hazrat Umer (R.A) embraced Islam?

- (a) 600 A.D
- (b) 608 A.D
- (c) 612 A.D
- (d) 616 A.D
- (e) None of these

(ix) Zou-Shadatian is title of Hazrat:

- (a) Khuzaima bin Sabit (R.A)
- (b) Huzaifa bin Yaman (R.A)
- (c) Ammar bin Yasir (R.A)
- (d) Ahmed bin Hanbal
- (e) None of these

(x) Which country is known as the "Land of Prophets"?

- (a) Iraq
- (b) Saudi Arabia
- (c) Palestine
- (d) Syria
- (e) None of these

(xi) What is Tahleel?

- (a) Recitation of 4th kalima
- (b) Recitation of 3rd kalima
- (c) Recitation of 2nd kalima
- (d) Recitation of 1st kalima
- (e) None of these

(xii) Name the 8th months of Islamic Calendar.

- (a) Rabi-ul-Awal
- (b) Rajab
- (c) Ramzan
- (d) Shaban
- (e) None of these

(xiii) 9th Zil-Hajja is also called:

- (a) Yaum-e-Arfat
- (b) Waquf-e-Arafat
- (c) Yaum-e-Mina
- (d) Waqufe-e-Mina
- (e) None of these

(xiv) Name the 1st man who issued regular order to collect and write Ahadis:

- (a) Hazrat Umer bin khattab (R.A)
- (b) Hazrat Usman bin Affan (R.A)
- (c) Hazrat Ali bin Abu Talib (R.A)
- (d) Hazrat Umer bin Abdul Aziz (R.A)
- (e) None of these

(xv) The duration of third period of the compilation of Hadis is:

- (a) 171 to 220 A.H
- (b) 171 to 221 A.H
- (c) 171 to 222 A.H
- (d) 171 to 223 A.H
- (e) None of these

(xvi) Surah Hajj consist of 10 Rukus and _____ Ayats.

- (a) 70
- (b) 75
- (c) 78
- (d) 82
- (e) None of these

(xvii) Surah Saba is:

- (a) Makki
- (b) Madni
- (c) Iraqi
- (d) Makki madni
- (e) None of these

(xviii) Who considered the Quran as the creature of Allah?

- (a) Khawarji
- (b) Mo,atazila
- (c) Shami
- (d) Kuif

(e) None of these

(xix) To which tribe did Hazrat Khalid-bin-Waleed (R.A) belong?

- (a) Banu Ummayya
- (b) Banu Asad
- (c) Banu Zuhra
- (d) Banu Makhzoom
- (e) None of these

(xx) Which Sahabi was died in the hands of the Holy Prophet (PBUH) in the battle of Uhad?

- (a) Hazrat Haris-bin-Haris (R.A)
- (b) Hazrat Haris-bin-Azima (R.A)
- (c) Hazrat Haris-bin-Hassan (R.A)
- (d) Hazrat Haris-bin-Hakeem (R.A)
- (e) None of these

Islamiat Paper - 2013
Solved MCQs

1. The largest Surah of the Quran is:

- a. Al-Baqrah
- b. Aali Imran
- c. Al-Taubah
- d. Surah Younus
- e. None of these

2. Fidk Garden was bestowed to the Holy Prophet (SAW) as:

- a. Fay
- b. Booty
- c. Gift
- d. Loan
- e. None of these

3. Arbeen is the book of Hadith in which there are:

- a. 40Ahadith
- b. 50 Ahadith
- c. 30 Ahadith
- d. 20 Ahadith
- e. None of these

4. The heads of Zakat are:

- a. 8
- b. 9
- c. 7
- d. 5
- e. None of these

5. Mauwazatain mean:

- a. A Collection of Ahadith
- b. Two specific Surah of Quran**
- c. A book of Jafferi Fiqh
- d. A book of Hanafi Fiqh
- e. None of these

6. The numbers of famous months are:

- a. 4**
- b. 6
- c. 7
- d. 2
- e. None of these

7. Jabal-e-Noor is situated in:

- a. Arafat
- b. Ghar-i-Hira
- c. Ghar-i-Saur
- d. Madinah
- e. None of these**

8. Which country is known as the “Land of Prophet”?

- a. Iraq
- b. Saudi Arabia
- c. Palestine**
- d. Syria
- e. None of these

9. Zou-Shahadatein is the title of Hazrat:

- a. Khuzaima Bin Sabit (RA)**
- b. Huzaifa Bin Yaman (RA)
- c. Ammar Bin Yasir (RA)
- d. Imam Abu Hanifa
- e. None of these

10. Sura Saba is:

- a. Makki**
- b. Madani
- c. Iraqi
- d. Makki Madni
- e. None of these

11. Which Surah of Quran has Bismillah twice?

- a. Al-Nahal

b. Al-Namal

- c. Al-Ahzab
- d. Al-Noor
- e. None of these

12. Imam-e-Darul-Hijra was a title of:

- a. Imam Ahmad
- b. Imam Malik**
- c. Imam Shafai
- d. Imam Muhammad
- e. None of these

13. Masjid Qiblatain is situated in:

- a. Madinah**
- b. Makkah
- c. Taif
- d. Jabal e Noor
- e. None of these

14. Which is a religious book of Hinduism?

- a. Injeel
- b. Taurat
- c. Ramain**
- d. Bibel
- e. None of these

15. The first Islamic month is:

- a. Muharram**
- b. Zil Hajjah
- c. Safar
- d. Rajab
- e. None of these

16. Which was the total number of idols were in the Kaaba?

- a. 260
- b. 360**
- c. 460
- d. 560
- e. None of these

17. Batha Valley is situated in:

- a. **Makkah**
- b. Madinah
- c. Iraq
- d. Jordan
- e. None of these

18. Hazrat Muhammad (SAW) gave the key of Bait-Ullah permanently to:

- a. Ummrah bin Utba
- b. Hanzla bin Abil Amir
- c. **Usman Bin Talha**
- d. Abdullah bin Amir
- e. None of these

19. AshabusSabt mean:

- a. **Jews**
- b. Christians
- c. Muslims
- d. Sabieen
- e. None of these

20. The word Muhammad (SAW) as a name has been mentioned in Quran only:

- a. Two time
- b. **Four time**
- c. Six time
- d. Seven time
- e. None of these

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Islamiat General Knowledge

PROPHET MUHAMMAD(PBUH)

- Holy Prophet was born in 571 A.D 22nd April.
- Father's name, Hazrat Abdullah.
- Mother' Name, Hazrat Amna.
- Maternal Grand Father's name Wahib bins Abdul Munnaf.
- Maternal Grandmother, Batarah.
- Real name of Abdu Mutalib was Shaba.
- Grandmother name, Fatima.
- 10 is the number of Uncles and 6 aunts.
- Prophet journeyed to Syria with Abu Talib at 12 years.
- At 25 Prophet married to Hazrat Khadija.
- Hazrat Khadija accepted Islam first in Women and in all.
- Hazrat Abu Bakar accepted first in Men.
- Hazrat Ali accepted first in Children.
- Varqa Bin Naufal verified Prophet for the first time.
- Holy prophet had 4 daughters and 3 sons.
- At age of 40 holy Prophet received first Wahy.
- Hazrat Zubaida (RA) was the second wife of Holy Prophet.
- In 622 A.D Holy Prophet migrated to madina.
- Hazrat Haleema was the foster mother of Holy Prophet.

- Besides Hazrat Haleema (RA) Holy Prophet (PBUH) said that Umme-e-Aemon is also my mother.
- Name the foster mother(s) of the Holy Prophet (SAW) Hazrat Halema (RA), Hazrat Sobia (RA) and Hazrat Khola (RA)
- How many years after the birth of Holy Prophet (SAW), Hazrat Aamina died? Six years
- Sheema was the foster sister of Holy Prophet.
- Abdullh Bin Abu Sheema was the foster brother of Prophet.
- Hazrat Haleema looked after the holy prophet for 4 years.
- 35 was the age at the time of Hajr-i-Aswad incident.
- Hazrat Bilal Habshi was the first slave to accept Islam.
- Wife of Abu Lahab used to spread thorn in the way of prophet in 4th year of prophethood.
- Home of Hazrat Arqam (RA) used as the centre of secret preaching by the holy prophet.
- In 7th Nabvi boycott of Banu Hashim began.
- Hazrat Adam met with Holy Prophet on the first heaven.
- Hazrat Isa and Hazrat Yahya on 2nd.
- Hazrat Yaqub on 3rd.
- Hazrat Idrees on 4th.
- Hazrat Harron on 5th.
- Hazrat Musa on 6th.
- Hazrat Ibraheem on 7th.
- Al-Kaswa is the name of Camel on which prophet traveled.

- Prophet purchased mosque land at Medina from two orphans.
- 45 Companions were with Prophet in migration to Medina.
- Charter of Medina was issued on 1 A.H it had 53 Articles.
- Transfer of Qibla was ordered in 2nd A.H.
- 27 total no of Ghazwas.
- First Ghazwah of Islam was Badr, fought in 12th month of First Hijrah.
- Battle of Badr occurred in 2 A.H. 313 Muslims fought in battle.
- Types of Hadith are 10.
- Imam Zuhri (RA) became the first to consolidate Ahadith.
- No of Hadith Collected by Abu Huraira (RA) 5374.
- Prophet Hazrat Noah (AS) known as Shaikh al Anbiya
- Abu Ubaiduh Bin Jirrah was entitled Ameen-ul Ummat.
- Hazrat Umar proposed Azan for the first time.
- The dome over the sacred Grave of the Holy Prophet is known as Dunbad-Khizra.
- Baitul Mamur is a place where seventy thousand angels were circumambulation during the Holy Ascension.
- Baitul Mamoor is on 7th Heaven.
- 4 kings accepted Islam when Holy Prophet sent them letters.
- Mosque of Zarar was demolished by Prophet.
- Ume Salma was present at the time of the battle of Khyber.
- Hazrat Ali Conquered the fort of Qamus.
- Lady named Zainab tried to poison the Holy Prophet.

- Prophet recited surah Al-Fatha at the conquest of Makkah .
- Hashim was grand father of prophet & brother of Muttalib.
- The name Muhamammad was proposed by Abdul Muttalib while the name Ahmed was proposed by Bibi Aminah.
- Migration from Mecca to Abyssinia took place in the 7th month of the 5th year of the mission i.e 615 A.d. The total number of migrated people was 15
- Second migration to Habshah took place in 616 A.D.
- Second migration to Abyssinia 101 people with 18 females.
- After Amina's death, Ummay Aimen looked after Prophet.
- After Harb-e-Fajjar, Prophet took part in Halaf-ul-Fazul.
- Prophet made second business trip to Syria in 24th year of elephant.
- Friend of Khadija Nafeesa carried message of Nikah.
- Surname of Haleema Sadia was Ummay Kabtah.
- Surname of Prophet was Abu-ul-Qasim.
- Da'ia of the Prophet was Shifa who was mother of Abdul Rehman bin Auf.
- Abdul Mutalib died in 579 A.D.
- Masaira a slave of Khadija accompanied Prophet to Syria.
- Foster mothers of Prophet were Haleema, Sobia & Khola.
- First forster mother was Sobia who was mother of Hamza.
- For six years Haleema took care of Prophet.
- For two years Abdul Mutalib took care of Prophet.
- Prophet had two real paternal uncles i.e Zubair & Abu Talib.

- Zubair died before Prophethood.
- After 7 days the Aqeeqa ceremony of Prophet was held.
- Prophet belonged to Banu Hashim clan of Quraish tribe.
- Among uncles Abbas & Hamza embraced Islam.
- Amina was buried at Abwa b/w Makkah & Madina.
- Six months before the Prophet's birth his father died.
- Prophet had no brother and no sister.
- Abdullah died at Madina.
- Prophet had six aunties.
- Foster father of Prophet was Haris.
- At the age of 15, Herb-e-Fajjar took place.
- Herb-e-Fajjar means war fought in the prohibited months.
- First father-in-law of Prophet was Khawalid.
- Aamina belonged to Bani Zohra tribe.
- Umar accepted Islam in 616 A.d.
- Social boycott of Banu Hashim took place in 7th Nabvi.
- Shi'b means valley.
- Social boycott continued for 3 years.
- A group of Madina met Prophet in 11th Nabvi.
- Uqba is located near Makkah.
- The group of Madinites belonged to Khazraj tribe.
- Accord of Uqba took place in 13th Nabvi.

- On 27th Rajab, 10 Nabvi the event of Miraj took place.
- 10th Nabvi was called Aam-ul-Hazan (year of grief).
- Name of the camel on which Prophet was riding in migration was Qaswa.
- Omaar bin Hisham was the original name of Abu Jehl.
- Abu-al-Hikm is the title of Abu Jehl.
- When did Hazrat Hamza (RA) embrace Islam Fifth Nabavi
- Persons included in Bait-e-Uqba Oola 12 and in Bait-e-Uqba Sani 75.
- Cave of Hira is 3 miles from Makkah.
- Hijra took place in 13th Nabvi.
- Second convent of Al-Aqba arrived at Makkah in 12th Nabvi.
- Medina is 448 Km from Makkah. (250 miles)
- Makkah conquest occurred in 8th year of Hijra.
- Prophet performed Hajj in 10th Hija.
- Prophet was buried in the hujra of Ayesha.
- Prophet was born in 1st Year of Elephant.
- Ambassadors sent to Arab& other countries in 7th Hijra.
- King of Iran tore away the message of Prophet.
- King of Byzantine in 7th Hijra was Hercules.
- After 6 years of the birth of Holy prophet Bibi Aamna died.
- After 8 years of the birth of Prophet Abdul Muttalib died.
- 632 A.D Charter of Madina.
- Holy Prophet demised at the age of 63.

- Hijrah year began with 14th Nabvi.
- 10th year of prophet hood is known as year of grief.
- First Azan was called out in 1. A.H.

All MCQS And General Knowledge About Hajj

1. Hajj means to intend.
2. Hajj made compulsory in 9 A.H.
3. First Hajj offered in 9 A.H.
4. Hajj ordained in Surah Bakr.
5. The holy prophet performed only 1 Hajj in 10th A.H.
6. There are 3 types of Hajj.
7. One tawaf of Kaaba is known as Shoot.
8. Tawaf begins from Shoot.
9. Number of Jamarat is 3.
10. Mosque located in Mina is Kheef.
11. At Meekat, Hujjaj assume the state of Ihram.
12. Kalima Tauheed is recited during Hajj.
13. At Mina the ritual of offering sacrifice is performed
14. Jamart-throwing of pebbles, it is performed on 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th of Zul Hajj.
15. Maghrib and Isha both prayers are offered together at Muzdalifa on 9th Zil Hajj.
16. Yome-Afra is called to Hajj day.
17. Name of the place where the pilgrims go from Arafat: Muzdalifa.
18. First structure of Kaaba was built by Adam.

19. Ibrahim & Ismail rebuilt Kaaba 4500 years ago.

20. Yum-e-Nahar is called to the Day of Sacrifice.

21. Yum e Arafat is 9th Zul Hajj.

22. One khutba is recited during Hajj.

23. Al-Imarn is the surah in which Hajj is commanded.

24. Holy prophet sacrificed 63 camels during hajj.

25. Adam and Hazrat Hawa performed the first ever Hajj.

26. Running b/w Safa & Marwa seven times is called Sayee.

27. Most important step of Hajj after assuming Ahram is Wuqf.

28. Waqoof-e-Arafah is the Rukn-e-Azam of Hajj

29. With the performance of Rami on the 10th Zil-Hajj, the most of the bindings of Hajj on the pilgrim are released.

30. Three upright stones are called Jamarat.

31. After Waquf the most important step is Tawaf.

32. In Hajj there are three obligations (Farz).

33. Umrah can be performed at any time throughout the year except 9th to 11th Zil-Hajj.

34. Hujjaj stat at Mina for one day, the second day at Arafat and the final day, encampment is done for a night at Muzdalfah, it is called Wuquf.

35. Who said that Hajj is greatest of all worships: Imam Malik.

36. How many undesirable acts of Ihraam are there: six.

37. How many permitted acts of Ihraam are there: Four.

38. Prohibitions and restructions of Ihram are 8.

39. The first and the foremost Farz of Hajj and Umrah is Ihram.

40. The first and inner most circle around Ka'ba is Masjid-e-Haram.

41. The second circle around Kaba is Makkah Mukaramah.
42. The third circle around Kaba is Haram.
43. Who firstly fixed boundaries of Haram, the third circle around Kaaba: Adam.
44. The fourth circle around Kaba is Mowaqeat.
45. The place where no one can advance without putting on Ihram is Mowaqeat.
46. Two thousand years before the creation of Adam, Kaba was constructed.
47. Angels built Kaba firstly in the universe.
48. During the Noah's time Kaaba disappeared due to flood.
49. The gate which is the best for the pilgrims to enter in Kaba is Bab-e-Salam.
50. Hajr-e-Aswad means black stone.

51. Actual color of Hajr-e-Aswad was white.
52. The small piece of land b/wk Rukn-e-Islam and Rukn-e-Yamani is called Hateem.
53. The place where offering prayer is just like offering prayer inside Kaba is Hateem.
54. There are five types of Tawaf.
55. Hajji go to Al-Multazim after completing the seven rounds.
56. Al-Multazim means the place of holding.
57. The portion of the wall of Kaba which is b/w its door and Hajr-e-Aswad is called al-Multazim.
58. Sayee is commenced from Safa and ends at Marwa.
59. After performing Say'ee Hujjaj go to Mina.
60. Muzdalfa is a plain.
61. Muzdalfa is located b/w Mina & Arafat.

62. Muzdalfa is located six miles from Makkah.

63. From Mina Muzdalfa is three miles away.

64. Muzdalfa is called Sacred Monument in Quran.

65. At Muzdalfa Maghrib & Isha prayers are offered together.

66. Pebbles are collected from Muzdalfa.

67. Jamarat which is nearest to Makkah is called Jamarat-ul-Uqba.

68. Smallest Jamarat is Jamarat-al-Sughra.

69. Rami is held at Mina.

70. Talbiah is stopped after Rami.

71. Afrad, Qar'ran and Tamatae are the types of Hajj.

72. Dhulhulaifah is the Meeqat for the people of Pakistan.

73. Dhulhulaifah is a point six mile from Madina

General Knowledge Solved MCQs of The Holy Quran

1. Surah Inaam means Camel.
2. Surah Nahl means Honey bee.
3. Surah Ankaboot means spider.
4. The major part of Quran is revealed at night time.
5. Generally aayats of Sajida occur in Makki Surahs.
6. 10 virtues are blessed for recitation of one word of Quran.
7. Surah Anfal means Cave.
8. In Naml two bismillah occur (2nds one is at aayat no:30)
9. Surah Kahf means the cave.
10. Muzammil means Wrapped in garments.
11. Kausar means Abundance.
12. Nasr means Help.
13. Ikhlas means Purity of faith.
14. Falak means Dawn.
15. Un-Nass means Mankind.
16. Al-alq means Clot of blood.
17. Alm Nashrah means Expansion.

18. Uz-zukhruf means Ornaments.
19. Surah Rahman is in 27th Para.
20. Bride of Quran is Rahman Surah.
21. Surah Yasin is in 22nd and 23rd Para.
22. Present shape of quran is Taufeeqi.
23. Quran is the greatest miracle of Prophet.
24. Word surah has occurred in Quran 9 times.
25. First seven aayats of quran are called Tawwal.
26. The alphabet Alf comes most of times and Alf, Zuwad Alphabet comes least number of times.
27. Quran is written in Prose & Poetry.
28. Quran is also regarded as a manual of Science.
29. Surah Alq is both Makki and Madni.
30. Name of Muhammad is mentioned in Quran for 4 times.
31. Adam is mentioned in Surah Aaraf.
32. first Sindhi translation of Quran by Aakhund Azizullah Halai
33. Torat means light.
34. Zaboor means Pieces/ Book written in big letters.
35. Injeel means Good news.
36. 99 number of aayats describe Khatam-e- Nabuwat.

37. Command against Juva & amputation of hands came 8th A.H
38. Laws about orphanage revealed in 3 A.H.
39. Laws about Zina revealed in 5 A.H.
40. Laws about inheritance revealed in 3 A.H.
41. In 4th A.H wine was prohibited.
42. The order of Hijab for women revealed in 4th A.H.
43. Ablution made obligatory in 5th A.H.
44. In Surah Al-Nisa the commandment of Wuzu is present.
45. Procedure of ablution is present in Surah Maidah.
46. In 4 A.H Tayammum was granted.
47. Interest was prohibited in 8th A.H.
48. The order of Hijab revealed in 8th Hijrah. (chk)
49. During ghazwa Banu Mustaliq the command of tayammum was revealed.
50. Quran recited in Medina firstly in the mosque Nabuzdeeq.
51. Quran verse abrogating a previous order is called Naasikh.
52. First man to recite Quran in Makkah: Abdullah bin Masood.
53. Forms of revelation granted to Prophet were 3 (wahi,Kashf,dream)
54. First method of revelation of Quran Wahi.
55. Kashf means Vision.
56. Initially Quran was preserved in memory form.
57. After Umar's death, copy of quran was passed on to Hafsa.

58. Only Sahabi mentioned in Quran Zaid bin Haris.(surah ahzab)
59. Paradise is mentioned in Quran for 150 times.
60. Section of Paradise in which Prophets will dwell Mahmood.
61. Doors of Hell are 7.
62. Subterranean part of hell is Hawia.
63. Number of angles of hell 19.
64. Gate-keeper of hell Malik.
65. Gate-keeper of heaven Rizwan.
66. Place of heaven at which people whose good deeds equal bad deeds will be kept in Aaraf.
67. A tree in hell emerging from its base is Zakoon.
68. Name of the mountain of hell is Saud.
69. Heaven on earth was built by Shadad.
70. The word Islam has been used at 92 places in the holy quran.
71. First revelation written by Khalid bin Saeed
72. Last wahi written by Abi Ibn Kaaf.
73. Last wahi came on 3rd Rabiul Awal 11 A.D
74. In 15th Para the event of Miraj is mentioned.
75. Except the name of Maryam the name of no other woman has come explicitly in the Quran.
76. Iblees will not be punished with fire but with cold.

77. Iblees's refusal to prostrate before man is mentioned in Kuran for 9 times.
78. Iblees means "disappointed one".
79. Al-Kausar relates to death of Qasim and Hazrat Abdullah
80. Jibrail came 24 000 times into the court of the Prophet.
81. Quran has been translated into fifty languages to date.
82. If a woman marries the second time, she will be in Jannah with the second husband.
(Hadith)
83. The Earth and the Heaven were created by Allah in 6 days, it is described in Surah Yunus.
84. Zaid bin Thabit collected the Quran in the form of Book.
85. Tarjumanul Quran Abdullah bin Abbas.
86. In Surah Muzzamil verse 73 reading quran slowly and clearly is ordained.
87. 4 Mosque mentioned in Holy Quran.
88. Jibraeel is referred in Quran as Ar-rooh.
89. In Quran Rooh-al-Qudus is Jibrael it means holy spirit.
90. In Quran Rooh-al-Ameen is Jibrael.
91. Incharge of Provisions is Mekaeel.
92. The angel who was sent to Prophets as a helper against enemies of Allah was Jibraeel.
93. The Angel who sometimes carried Allah's punishment for His disobedients was Jibraeel.
94. Jibrael is mentioned in Quran for three times.
95. Old Testament is the Torait.

96. New Testament is Injeel.
97. Psalms is Zuboor.
98. Gospal is Injeel.
99. Prophet is called Farqaleet in Injeel.
100. Taharat-e-Sughra is Wuzu.
101. There are two types of Farz.
102. Saloos-ul-Quran is Surah Ikhlas.
103. Aroos-ul-Quran i.e bride of Quran is Al-Rehman.
104. Meaning of Baqarah: The Goat
105. In Surah Waqiya the word Al-Quran ul Hakeem is used.
106. First Wahi was revealed on 17 Ramzan.
107. Two Surahs are named with one letter heading.
108. Surah Baqara & Ale Imran are known as Zuhraveen.
109. Wine is termed in Quran as Khumar.
110. The first authority for the compilation of Ahadis is .
111. Sahih Bukhari contains 7397 ahadis.

MCQS About Fasting Roza

1. Fast means to stop.
2. Fasting made obligatory in 2nd A.H.
3. Fasting is commanded in al-Bakarah.

4. Feed 60 people is the atonement for breaking the fast or sixty continuous fasts..
5. Bab-ul-Riayn is the door for fast observing people.
6. Tarrawih means to rest.
7. Battle of Badr was fought in very first of Ramzan on 17th.
8. Umar arranged the Namaz-e-Tarrawih.
9. Month of Ramzan is known as Sayeed us Shahoor.
10. Five days are forbidden for fasting throughout the year.
11. Wajib means ordained.
12. 1st Ashra of Ramzan=Ashra-e-Rehmat.
13. 2nd Ashra=Ashra-e-Maghfirat.
14. 3rd Ashra=Ashra-e-Nijat.

MCQS of Zakat

1. Zakat means to purify.
2. Zakat was made obligatory in 2. A.H.
3. 7-1/2 is the nasab of gold and 52-1/2 tolas for silver.
4. Injunction of utilization of zakat is in Surah-al Tauba.
5. Number of heads for distribution of zakat are 8.
6. Zakat mentioned along with Namaz in the Quran 22 times.
7. 5 Camels, 40 goats, 3 cows and buffaloes is nisab for zakat.
8. 1/10 is the nisab of irrigated produce.
9. Zakat is treasure of Islam; it is the saying of holy prophet.
10. Usher means 1/10.

11. Khums means $\frac{1}{5}$.
12. Word Zakat occurs in Quran for 32 times.
13. In 2nd A.H the rate and method of distribution of Zakat was determined at Madina.
14. Kharaj is spoils of war.
15. Fay is income from town lands.
16. Zakat on produce of mines is $\frac{1}{5}$ th.
17. Ushr on artificially irrigated land is $\frac{1}{20}$ th.
18. Al-Gharmain means debtors.
19. There are two types of zakat.

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General Knowledge of Namaz

1. 48 total numbers of Rakats are in Farz prayer.
2. Namaz-e-Khasoof is offered for Moon Eclipse.
3. Namaz-e-Kasoof is offered for Solar Eclipse.
4. Namaz-e-Istasqa is offered for Rain.
5. Holy Prophet offered Jumma Prayer in 1. A.H.
6. Namaz-e-Istasqa is offered with backside of hands upward.
7. Holy prophet offered first Eid Prayer in 2. A.H.
8. Eid Namaz is Wajib.
9. Madurak is the person who starts prayer with Immam.
10. Musbaq is the person who comes after one rakat.
11. Fajar and Isha were essential in the early period of Islam.
12. Tahajud mean abandon sleep.
13. Qaada is to sit straight in Salat.
14. Jasla is short pause between two sajdas.
15. Qaumaa is standing straight during Rukus.
16. A person who performs prayer alone is Munfarid.
17. Farz in wuzu=4, Sunats=14.
18. Farz in Ghusual=3, Sunats=5
19. Types of Sunnah prayer are of two types.
20. In Fajr, Maghrib & witr no chage in farz rakaat in case of Qasr.

21. Takbeer-e-Tashreeq is recited in Eid-ul-Uzha.
22. Jumma prayer is Farz salat.
23. Conditions of Salat are Seven.
24. takbeer-e-Tehreema are to be said in the salat: one.
25. Jasla is wajib.
26. To sit straight in Salat is called Qa'ada.
27. Qa'ada is farz.
28. Two persons are required for a Jamat prayer.
29. Salat Juma became Farz in Madina.
30. Five salat made compulsory in 10th Nabvi.

Islamyat MCQs from Past Papers of PPSC

(1) First compilation of the Holy Quran was completed during the period of Hazrat:

- (a) Abu Bakr
- (b) Umar
- (c) Uthman
- (d) None of these

(2) In 14 Hijri / 635 AD _____ laid the foundation of Basrah.

- (a) Hazrat Umar
- (b) Khalid bin Walid
- (c) Utbah bin Ghazwan
- (d) None of these

(3) Hazrat Uthman assassinated in the month of:

- (a) Ramazan
- (b) Rajab
- (c) Zilhaj
- (d) None of these

(4) Hazrat Ali shifted the capital from Madina to:

- (a) Basra
- (b) Fustat
- (c) Damascus
- (d) None of these

(5) Hazrat Khalid bin Walid belonged the tribe of:

- (a) Hashim
- (b) Umayyah
- (c) Makhzum
- (d) None of these

(6) _____ is known "First year of Unification in the history of Islam".

- (a) 40 Hijri
- (b) 41 Hijri
- (c) 70 Hijri
- (d) None of these

(7) _____ was the conqueror of Spain.

- (a) Mohammad bin Qasim
- (b) Qutaibah bin Muslim

(c) Tariq bin Ziyad

(d) None of these

(8) The last Caliph of Ummayyads was:

(a) Hisham bin Abdul Malik

(b) Marwan II

(c) Yazid II

(d) None of these

(9) Umayyad Caliphate lasted for _____ years.

(a) 90

(b) 92

(c) 132

(d) None of these

(10) Baghdad was founded by:

(a) Harun

(b) Mamun

(c) Mansur

(d) None of these

(11) Kitab Al-Khair was written by:

(a) Imam Malik

(b) Imam Abu Hanifa

(c) Imam Yousuf

(d) None of these

(12) „Jizya“ is a:

- (a) Poll tax
- (b) Land tax
- (c) Property tax
- (d) None of these

(13) Abbasid Caliphate came into being in:

- (a) 122 Hijri
- (b) 132 Hijri
- (c) 142 Hijri
- (d) None of these

(14) Ishaque Musli was a famous:

- (a) Musician
- (b) Historian
- (c) Jurist
- (d) None of these

(15) The first Wazir to Abbasids was:

- (a) Abu Salama Khalal
- (b) Abu Muslim
- (c) Yahha Barmaki
- (d) None of these

(16) The first capital of Abbasid Caliphate was:

- (a) Baghdad
- (b) Samara

- (c) Al-Hashimiyah
- (d) None of these

(17) Abu Bakr ibn Zakaria al-Razi (RHAZES) was a great:

- (a) Historian
- (b) Jurist
- (c) Physician
- (d) None of these

(18) „Siyasatnama“ was written by:

- (a) Al Kindi
- (b) Nizamul Mulk Tusi
- (c) Al-Farabi
- (d) None of these

(19) Sultan Salim-I became first Osmani Caliph in:

- (a) 1517
- (b) 1520
- (c) 1525
- (d) None of these

(20) Institution of „Khilafat“ abolished by:

- (a) Anwer Pasha
- (b) Mustafa Kamal Pasha
- (c) Ismet Inono

Islamyat MCQs from PPSC PMS Past Papers

- 1- Literal meaning of Jihad is ;
a) exemption b) sacrifice c) fight d) struggle
- 2- Marwan was the son of
a) Hakam b) Walid c) Suleman d) yazid e) none
- 3- Musa-bin-naseer conquered parts of:
a) Asia b) Africa c) Europe d) Australia
- 4- in 89 A.H. -- became viceroy of Africa:
a) Musa-bin naseer b) Tariq bin ziyad c) Yazid bin Muhalib d) Umer bin Abdul Aziz
- 5- After a short khilafat of Muawiyah II the next Khalifa of Islam was:
a) Ibn-e-khatib b) Ibn-e-hashim c) Ibn-e-zubair d) Ibn-e-Yazid e) none
- 6- Whilst Africa was under the ummayad the Spain was under:
a) Goth b) The Jews c) The Hindus d) The mongols e) none
- 7- For the first time Abdul Malik issued purely Muslim Coinage Know as:
a) Pound b) Deenar c) Dirham d) Ruppe e) none
- 8- Firdousi was the poet of:
a) Persia b) Asia c) africa d) America e) none

9- Al- walid Was one of the greatest Khalifas of:

a) Arabs b) Indo- pak c) China d) Whole islamic world e)none

10- Umm-ul- Banin was a remarkable --- women

a) Arab b) Spanish c) Egyptian d) European e)none

11- Safah was the first caliph of:-

a) Ummayads b) Hashimis c) Abbasids d) Alvids e) none

12- ---- was the real founder of the Abbasid dynasty

a) Safah b) Abu jafar c) Muhammad musa d) Abdullah e) none

13- In the adminstration of the ummayads the court language was:

a) Persian b) Arabics c) French d) German e) none

14- Fazl bin yahya has held the governership of:

a) Khusran and egypt b) Spain c) South asia d) Africa e) none

15- with the emergence of abbasids the Capital was transferd from syria to:

a) Iran b) egypt c) iraq d) turkey e) none

16- Amin was Murdered in

a) 814 A.c b)815 A.c c)816 A.c d) 817 A.c e) none

17- NAzhun, Zainab and Hamda belonge to

a) spain b) baghdad c) syria d) iraq e) none

18- MALiki doctrines were introduced in Spain in the reign of:

- a) Hisham b) Abd-ur-Rahman c) Abdullah d) Yazid e) None

19- Al-Qanun - Fil Tib was written by;

- a) Bu-ali-sina b) Almasudi c) Ibn-ishq d) al- yaqubi e) None

20- Al Tafser was written by

- a) al-zharwi b) Muhammad-bin Zikraya c) al- ghazali d) Jabir bin Hayan e) None

Islamiyat MCQs from Past Papers of FPSC

1- The longest Sura of the Qur'an is:

- (a) Al-Nisa (b) Al-i Imran (c) Al-Baqra (d) Al-Maida (e) None of these

2- Sura al-Nur speaks of:

- (a) Wars (b) Mal-i-Ghanimat (c) The Jews (d) Women issues (e) None of these

3- The Holy Qur'an is generally printed in:

- (a) Nastaliq script (b) Kufi script (c) Naskh script (d) Shikasta script (e) None of these

4- Imam Bukhari hailed from:

- (a) Malaysia (b) India (c) Egypt (d) Turkestan (e) None of these

5- Prophet Muhammad (SAW) while immigrating to Madina took refuge in:

- (a) Cave Hira (b) Cave Thaur (c) Dar-i-Arqam (d) Masjid-i-Nabawa (e) None of these

6- Prophet Muhammad (SAW) visited Ghar-i-Hira for:

- (a) Recitation (b) Memorization (c) Meetings (d) Meditation/Tahanuth (e) None of these

7- The Najashi King of Habasha with whom the Muslims for the first time took refuge was a:

- (a) Jew (b) Hindu (c) Christian (d) Mushrik (e) None of these

8- The duration of social boycott of Muslims in Shi-b abi Talib was for:

- (a) 10 Years (b) 5 Years (c) 3 Years (d) 8 Years (e) None of these

9- Sulh-i Hudibiyya was written by:

- (a) Hazrat Abu Bakr (b) Hazrat Ali (c) Hazrat Umar (d) Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) (e) None of these

10- Aws and Khazraj lived in:

- (a) Yemen (b) Makkah (c) Najd (d) Hijaz (e) None of these

11- Aws and Khizraj were:

- (a) Money lenders (b) Agriculturalists (c) Nomads (d) Cottage Industrialists (e) None of these

12- The Jewish tribe Banu Qainuqa worked as:

(a) Carpenters (b) Gold Smiths (c) Iron Smiths (d) Farmers (e) None of these

13- Hajjaj bin Yusuf was:

(a) Ummayad (b) Abbasid (c) Ottoman (d) Mughal (e) None of these

14- Saif Allah was the title of:

(a) Hazrat Umar (b) Hazrat Usman (c) Hazrat Ali (d) Hazrat Khalid bin Walid
(e) None of these

15- Hazrat Suhaib belonged to:

(a) Rome (b) Iran (c) Sudan (d) Habasha (e) None of these

16- Abu Sufyan lost his eye in the battle of:

(a) Tabuk (b) Yarmuk (c) Muta (d) Khandaq (e) None of these

17- Byzantium was:

(a) Central Asia (b) Iberian Peninsula (c) Middle East (d) Eastern Rome (e)
None of these

18- Sasanids rules:

(a) India (b) Far East (c) Egypt (d) Persian Empire (e) None of these

19- Imam Malik was a famous:

(a) Poet (b) Historian (c) Architect (d) Jurist (e) None of these

20- Literal meaning of word Khilafat-e-Rashida is;

- (a) Four Sahaba Caliphs (b) Right guided caliphs (c) Followers (d) Pious people (e) None of

Islamiat General Knowledge MCQs

1. On Judgement Day, what will be asked first?
Namaz
2. How many times word Zakat is used in Makki Surahs?
22 times
3. What is the rate of usher for canal irrigated Zameen?
5 per cent or 1/5
4. Who are not entitled to get Zakat?
Parents, Husband, wife and children
5. What is the 4th Rukn (pillar) of Islam?
Roza (fasting)
6. How many Arkan Roza has?
Three, to restrict eating, drinking and sexual intercourse
7. What are the objectives of Roza?
Taqwa, Zabti-Nafas, Shukar
8. What we say to 1st Ashra of Ramzan?
Rehamt-ka-Ashrah
9. What we say to 2nd Ashrah of Ramzan?
Maghfrat-ka-Ashrah
10. What we say to 3rd Ashrah of Ramzan?
To get rid of Hell's fire
11. From which Prophet's age Hajj was started?
Hazrat Ibrahim

12. Describe the Arkans of Hajj

There are two Rukns, Stay at Arafat and Tawaf-e-Kabba

13. What is meant by Tawaf?

To take seven rounds around Khana Kabba.

14. What to read while entering Haram Sharif during Hajj in Ahram?

Talbia (Talibiyah)

15. Which stone of Kabba wall is kissed?

Hajjar-e-Aswad

16. What is named to run between Safa and Marwa?

Sayee

17. What is said to throw stones at three spots?

Rami

18. What is Yum-ul-Tarvia and what is done on that day?

8 Zil-Hajj, Stay at Mina

19. What is meant by Yaum-e-Arafat and what is done on that day?

9 Zil Hajj, Stay at Arafat before Maghrib

20. What is meant by Tawaf-e-Qadoom?

First Tawaf on presence at Kabba

21. What is Tawaf-e-Zayarat?

To offer Tawaf between 10 to 12 Zil-Hajj

22. What is meant by Tawaf-e-Wadah?

Last Tawaf before leaving home

23. What is meant by Yum-ul-Nehr?

To offer sacrifice of goats on 10 Zil-Hajj after throwing stones at Mina.

24. How many rounds are paid between Safa and Marwa?

Seven

25. In which dress Hajj is offered?

Ahram

26. What is Miqat?

Where Ahram has to put on. (A pilgrim must put Ahram before reaching a point called Miqat)

27. What is meant by Shoot?

One round around Khana Kabba.

28. Who was the Ameer-ul-Hujaj on 9th Hijri?

Hazrat Abu Baker Siddique

29. How many Sahaba were along with Muhammad (PBUH) during Hajj?

More than one Lac or (1, 24,000)

30. How many camels were scarified by Muhammad (PBUH) on that Hajj?

100 camels

31. How many camels were sacrificed by Muhammad (PBUH) with his own hands?

63 camels and the remainder by Hazrat Ali (R.A)

32. What is the difference between Haj and Umra?

Hajj is offered between 7 to 13 Zil-Haj whereas Umra can be performed any time.

33. What is meant by Mabrood?

That Hajj which is performed to obtain the goodwill of Allah

34. What is the distinctive mark of a Muslim colony?

Mosque

35. Which is the oldest mosque on the Earth?

Kabba

36. Who is the oldest mosque builder?

Hazrat Adam (A.S)

37. Which mosque was built first of all in Islam?

Quba.

38. Who laid the foundations of Quba?

Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)

39. Where Prophet (PBUH) did hold his court?

Masjid-e-Nabvi

40. Where was established the first Muslim University?

Masjid-e-Nabvi

41. The Prophet (PBUH) himself laboured for a mosque. what's its name?

Quba

42. How many mosques are discussed in the holy Quran?

4

43. The Prophet (PBUH) used to go to a particular mosque on every 17th of Ramzan. What's the name of that mosque?

Quba

44. When was the construction of Masjid-e-Nabvi started?

1 A.H

45. How many doors are of Masjid-e-Haram?

25

46. The Prophet (PBUH) prayed several times for victory in the war of ditch. Name the Mosque?

Masjid Fatah

70. Literally the word "Islam" means

Submission to Allah

71. Which religion is the favourite of Allah according to the Holy Quran?

Islam

72. Which two Prophets prayed to Allah to become the "Ummati" of the last Prophet (PBUH) and whose prayer was granted?

Hazrat Isa (A.S) and Hazrat Musa (A.S)....Hazrat Musa's Prayer was granted

73. Religion of Hazrat Adam (A.S) was

Islam

74. Fundamentals of Islam are

Five

75. What is the name of 1st Kalima?

Kalima Tayyaba

76. Kalima Shahadat is the Kalima number

2nd

77. Kalima Tamjeed id the Kalima number

3rd

78. Kalima Tauheed is the Kalima number
4th
79. Kalima-e-Astaghfaar is the Kalima number
5th
80. Kalima Rad-e-Kufr is the Kalima number
6th
81. Number of types of faith is.....
Two (2)
82. What is the meaning of the word Allah?
Only being worth worship
83. Who is above any sort of limitations?
Allah
84. The word Tauheed stands for.....
Ahad, Wahid, Wahadaniat
85. The concept of Tauheed has been given by.....
Hazrat Jibrael (A.S)
86. What is Tauheed?
Oneness of Allah
87. Which word is opposite to Tauheed?
Shirk
88. The Holy Quran considers.....as an unpardonable sin.
Shirk
89. The Zoroastrians believe in.....of God.
Duality
90. All h Prophets emphasized on.....
Tauheed
91. Christians believe in.....of God.
Trinity
92. Name the types of Tauheed.

Tauheed-fi-Zat, Tauheed-fi-Saffat, Tauheed-fi-Afal

93. Name the religion which denies Allah as an unknowable entity?

Buddhism

94. Which is the first belief of Islam?

The unity of Allah

95. Which is the second belief of Islam?

Prophethood

96. The Prophethood is belief in.....the Prophets of Allah.

All

97. Prophethood has been finished on the Prophet.....

Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)

98. What is the meaning of Risalat?

To send message

99. How Prophethood is attained?

Bestowed by Allah

100. What is the meaning of Rasool?

Messenger

101. In which Surah of the Holy Quran the word "Khatimum-Nabiyyeen" is mentioned?

Al-Ahzab

102. Who is known as Rehmat-ul-Aalameen?

Hazrat Muhammad (PBUH)

103. What is the meaning of Rehmat-ul-Lil-Aalameen?

Mercy for all worlds

104. Which is the third belief of Islam?

Belief in the Angels

105. What is the meaning of Malaika?

Angels

106. How many the most exalted angels are there?

Four

107. Who is the greatest angel according to the teachings of Islam?

Hazrat Jibrael (A.S)

108. The angel is created out of?

Noor

109. What is the meaning of Noor?

Divine light

110. Who acts as Allah's agent?

Angels

111. By how many angels each human individual is attended permanently?

Two

112. In which category Iblees lies?

Jinn

113. Who is referred in the Quran as Rooh-ul-Ameen/Ar-Rooh/Rooh-al-Qudus?

Hazrat Jibrael (A.S)

114. Who is the in charge of rain?

Hazrat Mekael (A.S)

115. Who is the in charge of provisions?

Hazrat Mekael (A.S)

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