

CS615-Software Project Management Solved MCQ(S)

From Midterm Papers (1 TO 22 Lectures)

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In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful

MidTerm Papers Solved MCQS with Reference (1 to 22 lectures)

- 1. These all are design phase activities except
 - Output Design
 - Input Design
 - The software test plan

PG # 16

- **Software Selection**
- 2. Which along with CMM (capability maturity model) helps in creating effective software process model for any organization?
 - Water-fall model

PG # 67

- Spiral-model
- Project managers
- PMM- people maturity model
- 3. Which of the following is not desirable to become a successful project manager?
 - **Unidentified goals**
 - Management
 - Leadership
 - Communication

4. T	4. The fourth, and current, phase of software solution began in the early		
	0	o 1990s. PG # 59	
	0	o 1980s	
	0	o 1970s	
	0	o 1960s	
5. W	/hich	hich one is the traditional software life cycle model?	
	0	o The Prototyping Model	
	0	o The - incremental Model	
	0	o The Waterfall model PG # 67	
	0	o The Spiral model	
6.		includes consideration such as the post implementat	ion support sativities provided to the
_	custo	includes consideration such as the post-implementat ustomer.	ion support activities provided to the
	1	- Training plan arcetion	
	0		
	0		
	0	70, 1100	
		Support plan creation	
7. A	soft	software project that meets all the stated objectives is a success of	
	0	o Project quality	
	0	o Project fundamental purpose	
	0	o Project management myth PG # 81	
	0	o Project requirement	
8. W	/e ca	e can classify the problems that affect software projects into	categories
	0	o Three	
	0	o Four PG # 85	
	0	o Five	
	0	o Six	

9. To	ols	and techniques of the source selection	on process include all of the following except
	0	Contract negotiation	
	0	Correspondence	Click Here For Reference
	0	Independent estimates	
	0	Screening system	
10. Т	71. a .	madal samua as a favordation for saf	
10. 1	ne	model serves as a foundation for sof	tware
	0	Testing	
	0	Design	PG # 95
	0	Specifications	
	0	Maintenance	
11 0	o.e.4	solling Versions is satisfied of	
n. C	ontr	rolling Versions is activity of	
	0	Construction	
	0	Design	
	0	SCM	PG # 110
	0	Testing	
12.		only one is the output of Init	tiating Process
	0	Assumptions Strategic Plan	PG # 134
	0	Selection Criteria	
	0	Historical Information	
		Thoronom information	
13		are the methods or processes	s required in total, or in some combination, to achieve the goals
	0	Strategies	PG # 135
	0	Goals	
	0	Tasks	
	0	Objective	

14. Syncl do	hronization control helps to ensure that parallel changes performed by two different people
0	Overwrite one another PG # 114
0	May overwrite one another
0	Some time overwrite one another
0	Not over write one another
15. Whic	ch of the following is a project execution task?
0	Scope planning
0	Scope definition
0	Cost estimation Cost estimatio
0	Information Distribution
0 0	Time estimate Total cost Resource planning PG # 21
0	Minimum cost
17. Each	process is described by
0	Inputs
0	Tools & Techniques
0	Outputs
0	Inputs, Tools & Techniques and Outputs PG # 131
18	is responsible to plan, motivate, organize and control the people who do work on software.
0	Customers
0	Senior Managers
0	Project Managers PG # 9
0	Practitioners

19. Large	ge corporations realized the benefits of using computers in_	
0	o 1970s	
0	1960s	
0	PG # 59	
0	1940s	
20. Which	ich of the following is a Technology related problem?	
0	Unstructured and hurried software development	
0	Research -oriented software development	
0	III defined scope	
0	Switching tools in mid way PG # 89	
21. Identi	ntify the category of people who do actual work on software	development.
0		
0		and 76
0	Project managers	
0	Practitioners Practitioners	
22. What	at limits the options of the project team?	
0	n Technology	
0	Deliverables	
0	Constraints Constraints	
0	o Assumptions	
onstraints res	restrict the actions of the project team.	
	manage costs for software projects, you need an accurate esti teps that you need to perform, mark first step in sequence to	
0	Estimate the cost of each activity	
0	Identify the resources required for the project PG # 72	
0	Set cost base lines for each activity	
0	Implement a control system for cost changes	

	24. The final activity for a project manager is			
	0	Project closedown	PG # 80	
	0	Project implementation		
	0	Project execution		
	0	Project quality		
	-		rt, once problems have been identified, thehe new system and what data will be provided to the system.	determines what
	0	Analyst	PG # 94	
	0	Designer		
	0	Coder		
	0	Manager		
		tant aspects of a software pro	nes proposed some software quality factors based on oduct: PG # 120	most
	0	Four		
	0	Five		
	0	Six		
		1. Product operation		
		2. Product revision and3. Product transition		
27		2. Product revision and3. Product transition	umenting interactivity dependencies	
27	0	2. Product revision and3. Product transition	umenting interactivity dependencies	
27	0	2. Product revision and 3. Product transition identifying and documents.	umenting interactivity dependencies PG # 38	
27		2. Product revision and 3. Product transition identifying and docu Activity Definition	PG # 38	
27	0	2. Product revision and 3. Product transition identifying and docu Activity Definition Activity Sequencing	PG # 38	

28. Divid	ing a software project into phase	es helps yon in managing the	involved in the software project.
0	Complexities		
0	Uncertainties		
0	Complexities, Uncertainties	PG # 66	
0	Size		
29. Low r	motivation is a related prob	olem.	
0	Product		
0	People	PG # 85	
0	Technology		
0	Processes		
30. A Fuz	zzy user is arelate	ed problem.	
0	People		
0	Product	PG # 89	
0	Process		
0	Technology		
31. The p.	rocess of ensuring that the proje	ect is running in the right direction	is called
0	Planning		
0	Organizing		
0	Monitoring		
0	Controlling	PG # 30	
32. Accor	rding to the 80/20 rule, 80 perce	nt of the defects arise due to	of the process issues.
0	60 percent		
0	80 percent		
0	20 percent	PG # 12	
0	100 percent		

		erstanding the organizations focusing s	ymbols and meaning related to event	s. Culture is also important.
	0	Structural frame		
		Political frame		
	0	Human resource frame		
	0	Symbolic frame		
		Structural frame: Roles and responsibilities, eoordination, and control. Organizational charts help describe this frame.	Human resources frame: Providing harmony between needs of the organization and needs of people.	
		Political frame: Coalitions composed of varied individuals and interest groups. Conflict and power are key issues.	Symbolic frame: Symbols and meanings related to events. Culture, language, traditions, and image are all parts of this frame.	
34. Imp	olei	menting software quality is often associa	ated with the	
	0	Manager		
	0	Software developer PG # 76		
	0	Stakeholder		
	0	Team lead		
35. Soft pro		are design is actually a multi-step proceam.	ss that focuses, on	distinct attributes of a
	0	Two		
	0	Three		
	0	Four PG # 10	7	
	0	Five		

a

36.	Projec	ct management processes car	be organized into	_groups?
	0	3		
	0	4		
	0	5	PG # 131	
	0	9		
37.		of production volu	me usually comes from	of the producers.
	0	80%, 20%	PG # 11	
	0	20%, 80%		
	0	40%, 60%		
	0	60%, 40%		
		ions also have ade too early or too late.	element to them-the "right" o	decision may not be the "best' decision if it
	0	Cost		
	0	Quality		
	0	Time	PG # 34	
	0	None of the given		
20				
	A good decisi		system allows you to access rele	vant information and make informed
	0	Project management		
	0	knowledge management	PG # 70	
	0	Organization management		
	0	Software management		

40.	Defin	ed scope is a	
	0	Technology-related problems	
	0	Product-related problems PG # 89	
	0	Process-related problems	
	0	People-related problems	
41.	Durir	g the period of, you will find that software that was produced was generally over budgeted,	
		scheduled, and of poor quality.	
	0	Software crisis PG # 61	
	0	Software Development	
	0	Tracking	
	0	Quality Assurance	
42.	-	means that every project has a definite beginning and a definite end.	
	0	Permanent	
	0	Temporary PG # 3	
	0	Unique	
	0	Services	
43.	We ca	n classify the problems that affect software projects intocategories	
	0	3	
	0		
	0	5	
	0	6	

44.		includes the processes required to ensure that the project is completed within the	approved
	budge		-Pr-
	0		
	0	o Project Quality Management	
	0	o Project Resource Management	
	0	o Project Cost Management PG # 21	
45.		managing the relationship with the seller.	
	0	o Source Selection	
	0		
	0		
	0	DG # 40	
	U	Contract Auministration	
46.	These	ese all are Product Revision Factors except	
	0	O Usability PG # 121	
	0	o Maintainability	
	0	o Flexibility	
	0	o Testability	
47.	Thy q	y quality of software is said to be high if it meets the	
	0	 Standards, defined for the product PG # 118 	
	0		
	0		
	0	O Design defined for product	

48. V	Whicl	h of the following might require re-baselining of the cost baseline?
	0	Corrective action
	0	Revised cost estimates
	0	Updates to the cost management plan
	0	Budget updates
udget up	pdate	s might require cost re-baselining.
		on control combinesto manage different versions of configuration objects that are ed during software product development.
	0	Procedure
	0	Tools
	0	Procedure and Tools PG # 111
	0	None of given
50		ensures that appropriate steps to follow the product development procedures are earned out
	0	Quality Management
	0	Design
	0	Process monitoring PG # 123
	0	Quality control
	Synch do	nronization control helps to ensure that parallel changes performed by two different people .
	0	Not overwrite one another PG # 114
	0	Overwrite One another
	0	May overwrite one another
	0	None of given

52. Softw	vare design is actually a multi-step process that focuses ondistinct attributes of a program
0	
0	
0	4 PG # 107
0	
53. The U	JS DOD (1988) defines software quality rather simply as
0	The ability of a software product to satisfy its specified requirements PG # 118
0	"An inherent or distinguishing characteristic or a property"
0	"Quality is in the eye of the beholder, a matter, of the client's judgment."
0	All of the given
54. Revie	ews conducted at each of this phase/s
	Analysts
0	Design
0	Coding
0	All of given PG # 124
55	insures that the standards laid down for a preset are followed.
	Quality assurance
0	Quality control
0	Product evaluation PG # 123
0	Process control

56. These all are Product Operation Factors except			
C	Reliability		
C			
C	Testability PG # 120		
C	Integrity		
57 A 1			
57. Auditing is activity of			
C	Construction		
C	Design		
C	SCM PG # 109		
C	Testing		
58 MaC	Call (MCC77) and his calleagues proposed some software quality feators based on most important aspects		
58. McCall (MCC77) and his colleagues proposed some software quality factors based on most important aspects of a software product:			
C			
С			
C			
C	All of the given PG # 120		
59. The British Standards Institution(1986) has stated the quality as			
C	The ability of a software product to satisfy its specified requirements		
C			
C			
C	All of the given		

60SDLC	is an ur	mbrella activity that ensures conformance to standards and procedures throughout the product.	
0	SQA	PG # 122	
0	Design		
0	Testing		
0	All of given		
61. Confi	guration contro		
0			
0	Change control tools		
0		uditing and registration support utilities	
0	All of given	PG # 116	
62. McCall (MCC77)and his colleagues proposed some software quality factors based onmost important aspects of a software product:			
0	4		
0	3	PG # 120	
0	6		
0	5		
		oack and your Suggestion also If you find any mistake in mcqz plz ct us Page on our Site. And tell me your answer with references.	
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