

CS507-Information System Solved MCQ(S) From FinalTerm Papers BY Arslan

Jan 14, 2018

V-U

For Updated Files Visit Our Site: Www.VirtualUstaad.blogspot.com

Updated.



Final-Term Papers Solved MCQS with Reference

| 1. | 1. Which of the following is a methodology used to create a plan for how an organization will resume partially or | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| | completely interrupted critical functions within a | predetermined time after a disaster or disruption? | |
| | ○ Business continuity Plan P | G # 169 | |
| | o Audit Logs | | |
| | o Disaster Plan | | |
| | ○ Audit Trials | | |
| | | | |
| 2. | If a flow chart becomes complex, it is better to u | se symbol to reduce to number of flow lines. | |
| | ○ Start | | |
| | ○ Connector P | G # 108 | |
| | ⊙ End | | |
| | ○ Process | | |
| | | | |
| 3. | The flowchart helps in locating and correcting en | rors which is also known as | |
| | ○ programming | | |
| | o debugging | PG # 115 | |
| | odesigning | | |
| | o processing | | |
| | | | |

| 4. | . Which of the following is not used for biometric attendance? | |
|----|---|--|
| | ○ Finger Print | |
| | o Hand Print | |
| | o Voice Print | |
| | ○ Personal Pen PG # 157 | |
| 5. | . Who is responsible for providing independent assurance to management on the appropriateness of the security objectives? | |
| | o Information System Auditor PG # 147 | |
| | o Process Owners | |
| | o Account Officer | |
| | o Management Trainee | |
| 6. | Which of the following organizational structures contains less number of management levels? | |
| | ○ Flat Structure PG # 21 | |
| | o Tall Structure | |
| | o Classical Structure | |
| | o Very Tall Structure | |
| 7. | . Information is the processed form of being verified and substantiated from various sources. | |
| | o Business | |
| | o Data PG # 28 | |
| | o Transaction | |
| | o Sequence | |
| 8. | is the process of assuring that the specific tasks are being carried out efficiently and effectively. | |
| | o Cracking | |
| | o Hacking | |
| | ○ Operational Planning PG # 32 | |
| | o Information leakage | |
| | | |

| 9. In ri | sk management process for an IT system, wh | ich of the following is the first step? |
|--------------------|--|---|
| o <mark>Sy</mark> | stem Characterization | PG # 162 |
| o Th | reat identification | |
| 0 C c | entrol Analysis | |
| o <mark>I</mark> m | pact Analysis | |
| 10. In | which phase of risk management process, pr | roject manager will assess the level of risk to the IT system? |
| 0 | Risk Determination | PG # 167 |
| 0 | Impact Analysis | |
| 0 | Broad Determination | |
| 0 | Likelihood Analysis | |
| 11. In | Object oriented programming, Polymorphis | m means |
| 0 | information hiding | |
| 0 | having single shape | |
| 0 | having multiple shapes | PG # 133 |
| 0 | message-passing | |
| | entify the type of active attacks from the foll em without being subject to the normal cont | owing, which allow user to employ the facilities of the operating rols. |
| 0 | Masquerading | |
| 0 | Backdoors/trapdoors | PG # 175 |
| 0 | Spoofing | |
| 0 | Trojan horse | |
| 13 | is the process of quickly putting gn to gather early user feedback. | g together a working model in order to test various aspects of the |
| | | |
| 0 | Testing Protetyming | PG # 99 |
| | Prototyping Programming | Ι Ο π 37 |
| | Debugging | |
| O | Deougging | |

| | 14. Which aspect of web trust principle maintains effective controls and practices to ensure that private customer information is protected from uses not related to entity business? | | | | |
|-----|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | 0 | Information protection | PG # <mark>18</mark> 0 | | |
| | 0 | Transaction integrity | | | |
| | 0 | Information overload | | | |
| | 0 | Firewall disclosures | | | |
| 15. | A | measures the re | esults of | | |
| | 0 | Key Performance Indicator (KP | I), Critical Success Factor (CSF) | PG # 135 | |
| | 0 | Critical Success Factor (CSF), Key | | | |
| | 0 | Critical Success Factor (CSF), org | | | |
| | 0 | Key Performance Indicator (KPI), | organization's competitors only | | |
| 16. | Cr | reating a map with directions from y | our home to the post office on Googl | e maps is | |
| | 0 | E-commerce | | | |
| | 0 | M-commerce | | | |
| | 0 | E-business | PG # 183 | | |
| | 0 | G-commerce | | | |
| | 17. Individuals used to sell items by advertising in the online classified section of a website. Identify the type of e-commerce model followed in this case? | | | | |
| | 0 | Business to Government (B2G) | | | |
| | 0 | Business to Business (B2B) | | | |
| | 0 | Government to Business (G2B) | | | |
| | 0 | Consumer to Consumer (C2C) | PG # 185 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| | 18. Which segment of supply chain management includes distributing, delivering to customer and final consumption of the product? | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| | 0 | O Upstream supply chain segment | | |
| | 0 | External supply chain segment | | |
| | 0 | Downstream supply chain segment PG | # 193 | |
| | 0 | o Integrated supply segment | | |
| 19. | | is an industry tarm for the | broad set of activities supported by multi-module application | |
| | | oftware that helps a manufacturer or other busine | ** | |
| | 0 | Enterprise activity evaluation | | |
| | 0 | | # 195 | |
| | 0 | T | | |
| | 0 | Enterprise strategy analysis | | |
| | | | | |
| 20. | - | is not included in Security poli | cy of an Information system. | |
| | 0 | Data security | | |
| | 0 | Physical security | | |
| | 0 | Business continuity planning | | |
| | 0 | Capital investment PG | # 140 | |
| 21. Ethical issues may be categorized into which of the following type? | | | he following type? | |
| | 0 | Contract Land issues | | |
| | 0 | Privacy issues PG | # 206 | |
| | 0 | > Family issues | | |
| | 0 | o Job related issues | | |
| 22. | | means shifting the risk by usin | g other options to compensate loss. | |
| | | | g other options to compensate ross. | |
| | 0 | | | |
| | 0 | | | |
| | 0 | | U 1 4 F | |
| | 0 | Risk transference PG | # 145 | |

| 23. Which of the following can be used together with access controls to identify and provide information about users suspected of improper modification of data? | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | Audit Control | | |
| 0 | Audit Trial PG # 159 | | |
| 0 | Control Log | | |
| 0 | Control trial | | |
| 24 | is not one of the components of the supply chain. | | |
| 0 | Upstream supply chain | | |
| 0 | Downstream supply chain | | |
| 0 | Controlled supply chain PG # 193 | | |
| 0 | Internal supply chain | | |
| 25. W | Thich of the following is a method used for integration of information systems? | | |
| 0 | Use of supply chain management system PG # 195 | | |
| 0 | Use of transaction processing system | | |
| 0 | Use of integrated word processing | | |
| 0 | Use of linkage building system | | |
| 26. In | 26. In which phase of change management people express their conviction that change is not necessary? | | |
| | which phase of change management people express their conviction that change is not necessary. | | |
| 0 | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 | | |
| 0 | | | |
| | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 | | |
| 0 | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 Integration | | |
| 0027 | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 Integration Unfreezing | | |
| 0027 | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 Integration Unfreezing Lack of good information helps in getting the right material and physical resources together at the right place and at the | | |
| o o o c righ | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 Integration Unfreezing Lack of good information helps in getting the right material and physical resources together at the right place and at the at time to meet the customer's requirements. | | |
| 27 | Denial & Refusal PG # 202 Integration Unfreezing Lack of good information helps in getting the right material and physical resources together at the right place and at the nt time to meet the customer's requirements. Transaction Processing System | | |

| 28. | In | Entity Relationship Diagram, an association among entities is called | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 0 | Relation | | |
| | 0 | Cross Product | | |
| | 0 | None of the given options | | |
| | 0 | Relationship PG # 124 | | |
| 29. | A | person attaches USB to a system and installs keystroke loggers. It is the example of | | |
| | 0 | Logical Access | | |
| | 0 | Political Access | | |
| | 0 | Personal Access | | |
| | 0 | Physical Access PG # 149 | | |
| 30. | | is a person who tries to gain unauthorized access in an organization's Computer Based Information tem (CBIS) and invades its privacy. | | |
| | 0 | End User | | |
| | 0 | System Analyst | | |
| | 0 | Physical Intruder | | |
| | 0 | Logical Intruder | | |
| organi nard d ourpos | ntrusion can be both either physical or logical. In physical intrusion, the intruder physically could enter an organization to steal information system assets or carry out sabotage. For example the Intruder might try to remove lard disks. In case of logical intrusion, the intruder might be trying to have an unauthorized access to the system. The purpose could be damaging or stealing data, installation of bug or wire tapping. | | | |
| 31. | M | aking an entry in the ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) system makes every thing | | |
| | 0 | Slow down | | |
| | 0 | Instantaneously updated PG # 201 | | |
| | 0 | Duplicated | | |
| | 0 | Halt | | |
| | | | | |

| 32 | phase of decision making process involves implementing the selected course of action. | | |
|---|---|------------------|--|
| 0 | o Intelligence | | |
| 0 | o Design | | |
| 0 | o Implementation PG | # 71 | |
| 0 | o Choice | | |
| 33 phase of decision making process involves checking the consequences of the decision made after implementation. | | | |
| 0 | o Design | | |
| 0 | o Choice | | |
| 0 | | | |
| 0 | o Monitoring PG | G # 71 | |
| 34 increment in Incremental model is usually the core product which addresses the basic requirement of the system. | | | |
| 0 | o First PG | # 95 | |
| 0 | o Second | | |
| 0 | o Third | | |
| 0 | o Fourth | | |
| 35 is a set of social conventions that facilitate in communication over networks, guidelines posting messages on forums or on internet news groups. | | | |
| 0 | O Netiquette PG # 2 | 05 | |
| 0 | o Ethics | | |
| 0 | o Norms | | |
| 0 | o Personal behavior | | |
| 36 | is/are not one of the major components of syst | em design. | |
| 0 | O Designing inputs | | |
| 0 | O Designing outputs | | |
| 0 | | | |
| 0 | O Designing objectives PG # | ‡ 103 | |

| 37. | Da | ata Flow Diagram is a part of | in the procedure development of system design phase. |
|--|----|---|--|
| | 0 | Technical manual | PG # 92 |
| | 0 | User manual | |
| | 0 | Functional manual | |
| | 0 | Object manual | |
| | | tudents should be in the universit mple of situation. | y at 8:00 a.m. to ensure their attendance in the class." This statement is the |
| | 0 | Structured | PG # 70 |
| | 0 | Unstructured | |
| | 0 | Semi structured | |
| | 0 | Dual structured | |
| 39. In management style, manager allows the employees to take part in decision-making: the everything is agreed by the majority. | | | |
| | 0 | Democratic | PG # 22 |
| | 0 | Authoritative | |
| | 0 | Private | |
| | 0 | Universal | |
| 40. | In | Object-oriented Analysis and De | sign, each object has a unique |
| | 0 | Method | |
| | 0 | State | |
| | 0 | Behavior | |
| | 0 | Identity | PG # 128 |
| | | | |

| | 41. In drawing a proper flowchart, all necessary steps that are apart of process should be listed out in order. | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| | 0 | Logical | PG # 109 |
| | 0 | Physical | |
| | 0 | Random | |
| | 0 | Bottom to Top | |
| 42. | A | symbol is use | ed at the beginning and end of a flowchart. |
| | 0 | Page-off | |
| | 0 | Circle | |
| | 0 | Process | |
| | 0 | Terminator | PG # 114 |
| 43. | Th | e purpose of dataflow diagran | m is to provide developers. |
| | 0 | | |
| | | Linking bridge | PG # 116 |
| | 0 | Linking bridge Encapsulation | PG # 116 |
| | 0 | | PG # 116 |
| | | Encapsulation | PG # 116 |
| 44. | 0 | Encapsulation Data Security | PG # 116 t exists and is distinguishable from other objects. |
| 44. | 0 | Encapsulation Data Security | |
| 44. | 0 | Encapsulation Data Security is an object that | |
| 44. | 0 0 | Encapsulation Data Security is an object that Value Set | t exists and is distinguishable from other objects. |
| 44. | 0 0 | Encapsulation Data Security is an object that Value Set Entity | t exists and is distinguishable from other objects. |

| 45 | . Th | The flowchart helps in locating and correcting errors which is also known as | | |
|---|----------|---|--|--|
| | 0 | Programming | | |
| | 0 | Debugging | PG # 115 | |
| | 0 | Designing | | |
| | 0 | Processing | | |
| 46 is defined as, all elements that exist outside the boundary of the business and have the potento affect all or part of the organization. | | | its that exist outside the boundary of the business and have the potential | |
| | 0 | Size | | |
| | 0 | Business Environment | PG # 24 | |
| | 0 | Business Structure | | |
| | 0 | Information System | | |
| 47 | | is a malicious program th | nat is disguised as or embedded within legitimate software. | |
| | 0 | Trojan horse | PG # 155 | |
| | 0 | Dropper | | |
| | 0 | Overwriting Viruses | | |
| | 0 | | | |
| | | Duplicate Writing | | |
| | . W | | on of the controls within an entity's information technology | |
| | . W | hich of the following is an examinati | on of the controls within an entity's information technology | |
| | . W | hich of the following is an examinati astructure? | on of the controls within an entity's information technology | |
| | . Winfra | hich of the following is an examinati astructure? Business operations audit | | |
| | . Winfra | hich of the following is an examinati astructure? Business operations audit Risk based approach | | |

| 49. In Object-oriented Analysis and Desig | gn, means information hiding. |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Inheritance | |
| o Encapsulation | PG # 132 |
| o Class | |
| o Object | |
| 50. Which information can be recorded in | log file? |
| i. Log in/out time | |
| ii. System in use | |
| iii. Files accessed | |
| iv. Transactions performed | |
| v. Amendments made | |
| o i, ii | |
| o ii, iii, iv | |
| o i, iv, v | |
| o i, ii, iii, iv, v | PG # 159 |
| 51. Continuous change in work force is _ | for an organization. |
| o Ignore able | |
| o Beneficial | |
| o <mark>Harmful</mark> | PG # 26 |
| o Necessary | |
| | |

| 52. | | 2 is a methodology used to crea | te a plan for how an organization will resume partially | | |
|-----|--|--|---|--|--|
| | or completely interrupted critical functions within a predetermined time after a disaster or disruption. | | | | |
| | 0 | o Crises avoiding planning, Crises avoiding planning | Crises avoiding planning, Crises avoiding planning | | |
| | 0 | Company disaster planning | Company disaster planning | | |
| | 0 | o Business continuity planning PG # 169 | | | |
| | 0 | o Business crisis planning | | | |
| 53. | _ | 3 involves carrying out unauthorized a | ctivity by impersonating a legitimate. | | |
| | 0 | o Masquerading PG # 174 | | | |
| | 0 | Piggybacking | | | |
| | 0 | Spoofing | | | |
| | 0 | o Trojan horse | | | |
| 54. | C | . Critical success factor is for all organiza | tions. | | |
| | 0 | o same | | | |
| | 0 | o usually different PG # 135 | | | |
| | 0 | o not important | | | |
| | 0 | o same as Key Performance Indicator | | | |
| 55. | C | 6. Customer feedback on any product or service is required | for | | |
| | 0 | O Quality check PG # 45 | | | |
| | 0 | Corporate governance | | | |
| | 0 | Strategic relationship | | | |
| | 0 | o Intellectual capital | | | |
| | | | | | |

| 56. | WI | Which segment of supply chain management includes all the processes to transform inputs to outputs? | |
|-----|-----|--|--|
| | 0 | External supply chain segment | |
| | 0 | Internal supply chain segment PG # 193 | |
| | 0 | Downstream supply chain segment | |
| | 0 | Integrated supply segment | |
| 57. | Wl | hich of the following system integrates all data and processes of an organization into a unified system? | |
| | 0 | Enterprise Resource Planning Click Here For More Detail | |
| | 0 | Linker Applications | |
| | 0 | Exchange Resource Planning | |
| | 0 | Network Resource Planning | |
| 58. | Ide | entifying assets is the step in determining what needs to be protected. | |
| | 0 | Primary PG # 141 | |
| | 0 | Secondary | |
| | 0 | Unnecessary | |
| | 0 | Informal | |
| 59. | Th | ne definition of privileges of each person is a type of | |
| | 0 | Privacy issue | |
| | 0 | Accessibility issue PG # 207 | |
| | 0 | Property issue | |
| | 0 | Accuracy issue | |
| | | | |

| 60 | means accepting the potential risk and continue operating the IT system. |
|-------|---|
| 0 | Risk assumption PG # 145 |
| 0 | Risk avoidance |
| 0 | Risk limitation |
| 0 | Risk planning |
| 61. S | ystems use closely related and logically sequenced to achieve the desired results. |
| 0 | Procedures PG # 28 |
| 0 | Data |
| 0 | Managers |
| 0 | Customers |
| | is more efficient and more suitable option for updating every change being triggered in the |
| rec | ord. |
| 0 | Proper Manual Book Keeping |
| 0 | Manual System |
| 0 | Intrusion Detection System |
| 0 | Computer Based Information System PG # 36 |
| 63. A | ntivirus is a computer program which detects and removes from computer. |
| 0 | Worm |
| 0 | Malware |
| 0 | Dropper |
| 0 | All of the given options |
| | |

| | | nich of the following is the study e intrinsic physical or behaviora | y of automated methods for uniquely recognizing humans, based upon one or l traits? |
|--|------------|--|---|
| (|) | Biometrics | PG # 157 |
| (|) | Access Controls | |
| (| 0 | Input Controls | |
| (|) | Cryptography | |
| 65. <i>I</i> | A 1 | transaction in a computer system | can be traced with the help of |
| (|) | Business Logs | |
| (|) | Office Trails | |
| (|) | Audit Trails | PG # 169 |
| (| O | Business Trails | |
| 66. Planning, initiating, realizing, controlling and finally stabilizing change processes is the approach term | | rolling and finally stabilizing change processes is the approach termed as | |
| (|) | Code Management | |
| (| 0 | Change Management | PG # 201 |
| (| O | Solution Management | |
| (| O | Enterprise Management | |
| 67. I | | , the selected mplementation. | d strategies are divided into a series of projects which are further scheduled |
| 0 | | Tactical plan | PG # 77 |
| 0 | | Assessment plan | |
| 0 | | Orientation plan | |
| 0 | | Strategic plan | |
| | | | |

| 68. | In | , the output of one phase is input of the next phase. |
|-----|----|---|
| | 0 | Waterfall model PG # 93 |
| | 0 | Iterative model |
| | 0 | Incremental model |
| | 0 | Spiral model |
| 69. | Ca | lculations in any flow chart will be represented by symbol. |
| | 0 | Start |
| | 0 | Off-page connector |
| | 0 | Terminator |
| | 0 | Process |
| 70. | Wl | hich of the following is True about "Entity"? |
| | 0 | Entity cannot have attributes associated with it |
| | 0 | Entities cannot be mapped to tables in relational database management systems |
| | 0 | Entity may be any person, place, or thing about which someone is interested to store data |
| | | PG # 123 |
| | 0 | Every entity must have its physical existence |
| | | hich of the following is the process of measuring, or assessing risk and then developing strategies to manage risk? |
| | 0 | Risk Management PG # 162 |
| | 0 | Executive management |
| | 0 | Audit Trial |
| | 0 | Risk Achievement |
| | | |

| 72. | _ | usually have simple management structure than medium sized organizations. | | |
|-----|----|---|--|--|
| | 0 | Small organizations PG # 17 | | |
| | 0 | Large organizations | | |
| | 0 | Extra-large organizations | | |
| | 0 | Large & Extra-large organizations | | |
| | | hich of the following is an international and multilateral organization, which was created as a result of the guay round of discussion in 1994 to harmonic world trade? | | |
| | 0 | SAFTA | | |
| | 0 | SAARC | | |
| | 0 | WTO PG # 24 | | |
| | 0 | IMF | | |
| 74. | W | hich of the following is a weakness that can be accidentally triggered or intentionally exploited? | | |
| | 0 | Threat Identification | | |
| | 0 | Audit Trial | | |
| | 0 | Likelihood Identification | | |
| | 0 | Vulnerability PG # 164 | | |
| 75. | In | flow chart diagram, circle represents | | |
| | 0 | Process | | |
| | 0 | Connector PG # 112 | | |
| | 0 | Input | | |
| | 0 | Output | | |
| | | | | |

| 76. | A | data flow diagram (DFD) is a | representation of the flow of data. |
|-----|----|--|---|
| | 0 | mathematical | |
| | 0 | graphical | PG # 115 |
| | 0 | physical | |
| | 0 | narrative | |
| 77. | In | n flow chart, rectangle shape represents _ | |
| | 0 | Decision | |
| | 0 | Process P | G # 114 |
| | 0 | Terminator | |
| | 0 | Start | |
| 78. | W | Which of the following is a high-level description | cription of conceptual data model? |
| | 0 | Entity Relationship Diagram | PG # 120 |
| | 0 | Program | |
| | 0 | Algorithm | |
| | 0 | Pseudo code | |
| 79. | W | Which of the following phase of decision | making process involves implementing the selected course of action? |
| | 0 | Intelligence | |
| | 0 | Design | |
| | 0 | Choice | |
| | 0 | Implementation PG | # 71 |
| | | | |

| 80. | Th | The first phase of decision making process is | | |
|-----|----|--|--|--|
| | 0 | Implementation | | |
| | 0 | Intelligence PG # 71 | | |
| | 0 | Design | | |
| | 0 | Choice | | |
| | | stem development life cycle is a (an) technique that divides complex projects into smaller, e easily managed segments or phases. | | |
| | 0 | Analysis | | |
| | 0 | Design | | |
| | 0 | Cognitive | | |
| | 0 | Project management PG # 78 | | |
| 82. | | serve the concurrent monitoring as the system is being used. | | |
| | 0 | Scanners | | |
| | 0 | Active monitors PG # 153 | | |
| | 0 | Behavior blockers | | |
| | 0 | Passive monitors | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

| 0 | All of these Cryptography | |
|--|--|--|
| 0 | Cryptography | |
| | Стуриодгариу | PG # 156 |
| 0 | Encryption | |
| 0 | Decryption | |
| 84. A | person attaches USB with system a | and installs keystroke loggers. It is |
| 0 | Logical Access | |
| 0 | Political Access | |
| 0 | Personal Access | |
| 0 | Physical Access | PG # 149 |
| 85 is a defined set of instructions aimed at describing how to proceed in achieving a particle defined milestone/target. | | of instructions aimed at describing how to proceed in achieving a pre- |
| 0 | Procedure | PG # 28 |
| 0 | Virus | |
| 0 | Threat | |
| 0 | Transaction | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 85 | Political Access Personal Access Physical Access is a defined set of the index o | of instructions aimed at describing how to proceed in achieving a pr |

| | | ystems have collection of predefined related to each other in a sequenced logical manner in er to collectively achieve the desired results. |
|-----|----|---|
| | 0 | Procedures PG # 28 |
| | 0 | Data |
| | 0 | Managers |
| | 0 | Customers |
| 87. | Fa | actors which an organization should consider to make security cost effective are |
| | | i. Criticality of information assets |
| | i | ii. Devising safeguards |
| | ii | ii. cost of implementation of safe guards |
| | iv | v. An optimum balance between the harm arising from a security breach and the costs associated with the safeguards. |
| | 0 | i, ii |
| | 0 | ii, iii |
| | 0 | iii, iv |
| | 0 | i, ii, iii, iv PG # 147 |
| 88. | In | which phase of risk management process, project manager will assess the level of risk to the IT system? |
| | 0 | Risk Determination PG # 167 |
| | 0 | Impact Analysis |
| | 0 | Broad Determination |
| | 0 | Likelihood Analysis |
| | | |

| 89. In Object oriented programming, i behavior on different objects. | | g, is the property that allows an operation to have different |
|--|--|---|
| 0 | Friend function | |
| 0 | Polymorphism | |
| 0 | Inheritance | |
| 0 | Encapsulation | |
| 90. W | hich of the following phase is | not included in Decision Making? |
| 0 | Intelligence | |
| 0 | Design | |
| 0 | Choice | |
| 0 | Development | PG # 71 |
| | hich of the following phase of call for decisions? | f decision making process involves searching for conditions in the environment |
| 0 | Intelligence | PG # 71 |
| 0 | Design | |
| 0 | Choice | |
| 0 | Implementation | |
| 92. W | | the process of identifying attempts to penetrate a system and gain unauthorized |
| 0 | Threat Identification | |
| 0 | Intrusion detection | PG # 160 |
| 0 | Access Control | |
| 0 | Security detection | |

| | 3. Which of the following is a private enterprise owned communication network that uses internet protocols, network connectivity, and public telecommunication system for organizations' employees? | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|--|
| | 0 | Internet | |
| | 0 | Intranet | PG # 138 |
| | 0 | Transmission Cont | crol Protocol |
| | 0 | Mail Server | |
| 94. | Αı | non-financial transa | ction with an electronic process using Internet, technologies is called |
| | 0 | E-business | PG # 183 |
| | 0 | E-commerce | |
| | 0 | M-commerce | |
| | 0 | N-commerce | |
| 95. | Cre | eating a map with d | irections from your home to the post office on Google maps is |
| | 0 | E-commerce | |
| | 0 | M-commerce | |
| | 0 | E-business | PG # 183 |
| | 0 | G-commerce | |
| 96. | | nt can be reduced. | means minimizing the risk by implementing the controls so that overall adverse impact of |
| | 0 | Risk assumption | |
| | | | |
| | 0 | Risk avoidance | |
| | 0 | Risk limitation | PG # 145 |
| | 0 | Risk planning | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| 97. | | means managing the risk by developing risk mitigation plan that predicts implements and nation controls. |
|---|------|---|
| | 0 | Risk assumption |
| | 0 | Risk avoidance |
| | 0 | Risk limitation |
| | 0 | Risk planning PG # 145 |
| 98. | Wh | nich of the following usually contain records describing system events, application events, or user events? |
| | 0 | An event-oriented log PG # 159 |
| | 0 | A record of every keystroke |
| | 0 | A record of every mouse click |
| | 0 | A record of mouse touchpad |
| 99. | In v | which phase of change management People realize that need for change and find short term solutions |
| | 0 | Rational Understanding PG # 202 |
| | 0 | Integration |
| | 0 | Unfreezing |
| | 0 | Lack of good information |
| 100. Which phase is the last phase of change management, in which total link-up is created between newly acq patterns of thinking and acting? | | |
| | 0 | Rational Understanding |
| | 0 | Unfreezing |
| | 0 | Lack of good information |
| | 0 | Integration PG # 202 |

Note: Give me a feedback and your Suggestion also If you find any mistake in mcqz plz inform me Via Contact us Page on our Site. And tell me your answer with references.

For More Solved Papers By Arslan Visit Our Website:

Www.VirtualUstaad.blogspot.com



Winning is not everything, but wanting to win is everything.....
Go Ahead..... Best Of Luck!